

11918 Main St • PO Box 687 • Fort Jones, CA 96032-0687 • (530)468-2727 (ph) • (530)468-2729 (fx) • www.svusd.us

EMPLOYEE ANNUAL NOTIFICATIONS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT

I acknowledge that the Employee Annual Notifications documentation covering the following topics is available to me on the district website at www.svusd.us under 'Departments>District Office>District Info and Forms' OR by requesting a hard copy from the district office:

- Child Abuse Reporting
- Employee Rights Under Title IX
- Nondiscrimination in Employment
- Uniform Complaint Procedures
- Wellness Policy
- Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace
- Tobacco-Free Schools
- Employee Assistance Programs and Flyer (program available to employees taking district medical coverage)
- Illness Injury and Prevention Program (IIPP)
- IIPP COVID-19 Addendum
- Employee Safety
- Environmental Safety
- Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens/Universal Precautions
- Integrated Pest Management
- Sexual Harassment
- Employee Rights under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)
- California Family Rights Act (CFRA)

I understand that if I want additional materials, information or policies, or if I wish to talk to someone, I can contact the district office.

☐ I acknowledge that I have access to or listed topics.	r have received the documentation covering the above
Employee Name (Please Print)	School Year
Employee Signature	Date

PLEASE SEND SIGNED FORM TO THE DISTRICT OFFICE for placement in your personnel file.

Updated: 8/2021



11918 Main St • PO Box 687 • Fort Jones, CA 96032-0687 • (530)468-2727 (ph) • (530)468-2729 (fx) • www.svusd.us

LIST OF EMPLOYEE ANNUAL NOTIFICATIONS

The Employee Annual Notifications documentation covering the following topics is available to me on the district website at www.svusd.us under 'Departments>District Office>District Info and Forms' OR by requesting a hard copy from the district office:

- Child Abuse Reporting
- Student Rights Under Title IX
- Nondiscrimination in Employment
- Uniform Complaint Procedures
- Wellness Policy
- Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace
- Tobacco-Free Schools
- Employee Assistance Programs and Flyer (program available to employees taking district medical coverage)
- Illness Injury and Prevention Program (IIPP)
- IIPP COVID-19 Addendum
- Employee Safety
- Environmental Safety
- Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens/Universal Precautions
- Integrated Pest Management
- Sexual Harassment
- Employee Rights under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)
- California Family Rights Act (CFRA)

Please sign and return the acknowledgement page (separate page) and return to the District Office.

Keep this page for your records.

SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Child Abuse Reporting Requirements

Section 11165.7 of the California Penal Code defines a "Mandated Reporter" to include the following individuals: Teachers; instructional aides or assistants; classified employees of any public school; administrators of employees of a public or private organization whose duties require direct contact and supervision of children; athletic coaches; athletic administrators; and athletic directors. The list of Mandated Reporters also includes many other positions and other entities in addition to public schools.

Section 11166 of the California Penal Code states, in part, a mandated reporter shall make a report to any police department or sheriff's department, county probation department, or the county welfare department, whenever the mandated reporter, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. The mandated reporter shall make a report to the agency immediately or as soon as is practicably possible by telephone, and the mandated reporter shall prepare and send a written report thereof within 36 hours of receiving the information concerning the incident.

"Reasonable suspicion" means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing, when appropriate, on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. "Reasonable suspicion" does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect; any "reasonable suspicion" is sufficient. Any mandated reporter who knows or reasonably suspects that the home or institution in which a child resides is unsuitable for the child because of abuse or neglect of the child shall bring the condition to the attention of the agency to which, and at the same time as, he/she makes a report of the abuse or neglect.

Section 11166.05 of the California Penal Code states, in part, any mandated reporter who has knowledge of or who reasonably suspects that mental suffering has been inflicted upon a child or that his/ her emotional well-being is endangered in any way may report the known or suspected instance of child abuse or neglect to any police department or sheriff's department, county probation department, or the county welfare department.

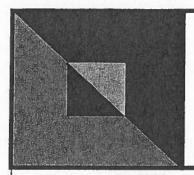
Section 11166.5 of the California Penal Code states, in part, on or after January 1, 1985, any mandated reporter as specified in Section 11165.7 with the exception of child visitation monitors, prior to commencing his/her employment, and as a prerequisite to that employment, shall sign a statement on a form provided to him/her by his/her employer to the effect that he/she has knowledge of the provisions of Section 11166 and will comply with those provisions.

California Penal Code section 11172 provides that mandated reporters are IMMUNE FROM LIABILITY.

California Penal Code section 11166(b) provides penalties for FAILURE TO REPORT as follows: Any mandated reporter who fails to report an incident of known or reasonably suspected child abuse or neglect as required by this section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by up to six months confinement in a county jail or by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by both that fine and punishment.

The reporting duties are individual, and no supervisor or administrator may impede or inhibit the reporting duties, and no person making a report shall be subject to any sanction for making the report.

Reporting the information regarding a case of possible child abuse or neglect to an employer, supervisor, school principal, school counselor, coworker, or other person shall not be a substitute for making a mandated report to an agency.



CALIFORNIA MANDATED REPORTING EASY STEPS...

WHAT MUST BE REPORTED and HOW TO REPORT!

What Must be Reported:

Any of the below acts involving anyone under the age of 18:

- Physical Abuse
- Sexual Abuse
- Emotional Abuse
- Neglect

The mandated reporter must only have *reasonable suspicion* that a child has been mistreated; no evidence or proof is required prior to making a report.

The case will be further investigated by law enforcement and/or child welfare services.

How to Report:

By Phone: Immediately, or as soon as possible, make a telephone report to child welfare services and/or to a Police or Sheriff's department.

1.	Child Welfare Services phone #	841-4200	in line
2.	Police Department phone #	467-3400	- Etna
3.	Sheriff's Department phone #	841-2911	

In Writing: Within 36 hours, a written report must be sent, faxed or submitted electronically. The written report should be completed on a state form called the 8572, which can be downloaded at http://ag.ca.gov/childabuse/pdf/ss_8572.pdf

Other information:

- Safeguards for Mandated Reporters:
 - The Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Act (CANRA) states that the name of the mandated reporter is strictly confidential, although it is provided to investigative parties working on the case.
 - As long as a report is filed in good faith, a mandated reporter cannot be held liable in civil or criminal court.
- Failure to report:
 - Failure to report concerns of child abuse or neglect is considered a misdemeanor and is punishable in California by six months in jail and/or up to a \$1,000 fine.
- For the complete law and a list of mandated reporters refer to California Penal Codes 11164 -11174.3.

This document and Mandated Reporting information can be found at www.mandatedreporterca.com



Notice of Employee Rights under Title IX

(34 C.F.R. § 106.8, subd. (b))

Federal Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 ("Title IX"), implemented at 34 C.F.R. § 106.31, subd. (a), provides that no person shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any academic, extracurricular, research, occupational training, or other education program or activity operated by a recipient which receives federal financial assistance. This includes employment at an educational institution.

Relevant here, Title IX requires that school districts take immediate and appropriate action to address any potential Title IX violations that are brought to its attention. Any inquiries about the application of Title IX, this notice, and who is protected by Title IX may be referred to Micheline Miglis, Superintendent, to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights from the United States Department of Education, or both.

Title IX Coordinator

Micheline Miglis, Superintendent is the Title IX Coordinator for the Scott Valley Unified School District, and can be reached by telephone at (530) 468-2727, by e-mail at mmiglis@svusd.us, by mail P.O. Box 687, Fort Jones, California 96032 or in person at 11918 Main Street, Fort Jones, California.

Sexual Harassment Under Title IX

Sexual harassment under Title IX means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- 1. An employee of the school district conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit or service of the recipient on an individual's participating in unwelcome sexual conduct (quid pro quo);
- 2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the recipient's education program or activity; or
- 3. "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

Alleged conduct that does not rise to the level of the sexual harassment under Title IX will be addressed in accordance with other District policies that prohibit sexual harassment and/or sexbased discrimination, or other forms of inappropriate conduct, as is deemed appropriate.

Filing a Title IX Complaint with the District

Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual harassment (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination or sexual harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone or by e-mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person's verbal or written report. Such reports may be made at any time, including during non-business hours, by using the telephone number or e-mail address, or by mail to the office address, listed for the Title IX Coordinator.

Employee complaints alleging a Title IX violation should be submitted in written form immediately from the date of the alleged incident, or within a school day from the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged incident. If the complainant is unable to prepare the complaint in writing, administrative staff shall help the complainant to do so. To qualify as a Title IX complaint, the complainant must also be participating in or attempting to participate in the recipient's education program or activity. The length of time elapsed between an incident of alleged sexual harassment, and the filing of a formal complaint, may, in specific circumstances, prevent a recipient from collecting enough evidence to reach a determination, justifying a discretionary dismissal under Title IX.

The District will process all formal complaints in accordance with Title IX and District Board Policy ("BP") and Administrative Regulation ("AR") 4119.11 – Sexual Harassment, and AR 4119.12 – Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures, which includes an option for informal resolution for certain matters. Under Title IX, a formal complaint means a document filed by a victim, or signed by the Title IX Coordinator, that alleges sexual harassment against a respondent and requests that the school district investigate the allegation of sexual harassment. Complaints that do not rise to the level of a Title IX complaint will be processed in accordance with BP/AR 4030 – Nondiscrimination in Employment, or any other procedure deemed appropriate.

All investigations will be conducted as confidentially as possible. Upon receipt of any formal complaint, the District will provide all known parties with adequate notice of the District's complaint process and the underlying allegations. During the course of the investigation, the District will provide the complainant and respondent (or "the parties") with an equal opportunity present witnesses and evidence. The District will not restrict the ability of the parties to discuss the allegations under investigation, and it will allow parties to utilize an advisor of their choice. Prior to the conclusion of the investigation, the complainant and respondent will have the opportunity to inspect and respond to evidence directly related to the allegations in the complaint that was gathered during the course of the investigation. Thereafter, and prior to any final decision being made, the parties will receive a copy of the investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, and they will have an opportunity to submit written, relevant questions to be asked of the other party. Next, a determination regarding responsibility will be made and issued to both parties. Under Title IX and District policy, the responding party is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the end of the complaint process.

Any party not satisfied with the final determination will have the option to appeal the final determination, as detailed in AR 4119.12. In addition, a person may file a complaint concerning sexual harassment with either the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) or the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC).

Additional details about procedures for filing a Title IX complaint may be found in AR 4119.12—Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures at www.svusd.us

Additional Resources

- California Department of Fair Employment and Housing: https://www.dfeh.ca.gov/Employment/
- U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission: https://www.eeoc.gov/sex-based-discrimination; https://www.eeoc.gov/sex-based-discrimination; https://www.eeoc.gov/sex-based-discrimination; https://www.eeoc.gov/sex-based-discrimination; https://www.eeoc.gov/sexual-harassment
- Link to Access Board Policy and Administrative Regulation 4119.11 Sexual Harassment, Administrative Regulation 4119.12 – Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures, Board Policy and Administrative Regulation 4030 – Nondiscrimination in Employment at www.svusd.us

Training Materials

Training materials available at the District Office 11918 Main Street, Fort Jones and posted at www.svusd.us

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Nondiscrimination In Employment

BP 4030

Personnel

The Governing Board is determined to provide a safe, positive environment where all district employees are assured of full and equal employment access and opportunities, protection from harassment and intimidation, and freedom from any fear of reprisal or retribution for asserting their employment rights in accordance with law. For purposes of this policy, employees include job applicants, interns, volunteers, and persons who contracted with the district to provide services, as applicable.

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance)

(cf. 3312 - Contracts)

(cf. 3600 - Consultants)

(cf. 4111/4211/4311 - Recruitment and Selection)

No district employee shall be discriminated against or harassed by any coworker, supervisor, manager, or other person with whom the employee comes in contact in the course of employment, on the basis of the employee's actual or perceived race, color, ancestry, national origin, age, religious creed, marital status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, military and veteran status, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

The district shall not inquire into any employee's immigration status nor discriminate against an employee on the basis of immigration status, unless there is clear and convincing evidence that it is necessary to comply with federal immigration law. (2 CCR 11028)

Discrimination in employment based on the characteristics listed above is prohibited in all areas of employment and in all employment-related practices, including the following:

1. Discrimination in hiring, compensation, terms, conditions, and other privileges of employment

(cf. 4151/4251/4351 - Employee Compensation) (cf. 4154/4254/4354 - Health and Welfare Benefits)

- 2. Taking of an adverse employment action, such as termination or the denial of employment, promotion, job assignment, or training
- 3. Unwelcome conduct, whether verbal, physical, or visual, that is so severe or pervasive as to adversely affect an employee's employment opportunities, or that has the purpose or effect of

unreasonably interfering with the individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment

- 4. Actions and practices identified as unlawful or discriminatory pursuant to Government Code 12940 or 2 CCR 11006-11086, such as:
- a. Sex discrimination based on an employee's pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding, or any related medical condition or on an employee's gender, gender expression, or gender identity, including transgender status

(cf. 4033 - Lactation Accommodation) (cf. 4119.11/4219.11/4319.11 - Sexual Harassment)

b. Religious creed discrimination based on an employee's religious belief or observance, including religious dress or grooming practices, or based on the district's failure or refusal to use reasonable means to accommodate an employee's religious belief, observance, or practice which conflicts with an employment requirement

(cf. 4119.22/4219.22/4319.22 - Dress and Grooming)

c. Requirement for a medical or psychological examination of a job applicant, or an inquiry into whether a job applicant has a mental or physical disability or a medical condition or as to the severity of any such disability or condition, without the showing of a job-related need or business necessity

(cf. 4119.41/4219.41/4319.41 - Employees with Infectious Disease)

d. Failure to make reasonable accommodation for the known physical or mental disability of an employee, or to engage in a timely, good faith, interactive process with an employee who has requested such accommodations in order to determine the effective reasonable accommodations, if any, to be provided to the employee

(cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation)

The Board also prohibits retaliation against any district employee who opposes any discriminatory employment practice by the district or its employees, agents, or representatives or who complains, testifies, assists, or in any way participates in the district's complaint process pursuant to this policy. No employee who requests an accommodation for any protected characteristic listed in this policy shall be subjected to any punishment or sanction, regardless of whether the request was granted. (Government Code 12940; 2 CCR 11028)

No employee shall, in exchange for a raise or bonus or as a condition of employment or continued employment, be required to sign any document that releases the employee's right to file a claim against the district or to disclose information about harassment or other unlawful employment practices. (Government Code 12964.5)

Complaints concerning employment discrimination, harassment, or retaliation shall immediately be

investigated in accordance with procedures specified in the accompanying administrative regulation.

Any supervisory or management employee who observes or has knowledge of an incident of prohibited discrimination or harassment, including harassment of an employee by a nonemployee, shall report the incident to the Superintendent or designated district coordinator as soon as practical after the incident. All other employees are encouraged to report such incidents to their supervisor immediately. The district shall protect any employee who reports such incidents from retaliation.

The Superintendent or designee shall use all appropriate means to reinforce the district's nondiscrimination policy, including providing training and information to employees about how to recognize harassment, discrimination, or other related conduct, how to respond appropriately, and components of the district's policies and regulations regarding discrimination. The Superintendent or designee shall regularly review the district's employment practices and, as necessary, shall take action to ensure district compliance with the nondiscrimination laws.

Any district employee who engages in prohibited discrimination, harassment, or retaliation or who aids, abets, incites, compels, or coerces another to engage or attempt to engage in such behavior in violation of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

(cf. 4118 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action) (cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE

200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination

CIVIL CODE

51.7 Freedom from violence or intimidation

GOVERNMENT CODE

11135 Unlawful discrimination

11138 Rules and regulations

12900-12996 Fair Employment and Housing Act, especially:

12940-12952 Unlawful employment practices

12960-12976 Unlawful employment practices; complaints

PENAL CODE

422.56 Definitions, hate crimes

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2

11006-11086 Discrimination in employment, especially:

11013 Recordkeeping

11019 Terms, conditions and privileges of employment

11023 Harassment and discrimination prevention and correction

11024 Sexual harassment training and education

11027-11028 National origin and ancestry discrimination

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1681-1688 Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29

621-634 Age Discrimination in Employment Act

794 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

2000d-2000d-7 Title VI, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended

2000e-2000e-17 Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended

2000ff-2000ff-11 Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008

2000h-2-2000h-6 Title IX of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

6101-6107 Age discrimination in federally assisted programs

12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 28

35.101-35.190 Americans with Disabilities Act

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34

100.6 Compliance information

104.7 Designation of responsible employee for Section 504

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34 (continued)

104.8 Notice

106.8 Designation of responsible employee and adoption of grievance procedures

106.9 Dissemination of policy

110.1-110.39 Nondiscrimination on the basis of age

COURT DECISIONS

Thompson v. North American Stainless LP, (2011) 131 S.Ct. 863

Shephard v. Loyola Marymount, (2002) 102 Cal. App. 4th 837

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING PUBLICATIONS

California Law Prohibits Workplace Discrimination and Harassment

Transgender Rights in the Workplace

Workplace Harassment Guide for California Employers

Your Rights and Obligations as a Pregnant Employee

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS

Notice of Non-Discrimination, August 2010

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION PUBLICATIONS

EEOC Compliance Manual

Enforcement Guidance: Vicarious Employer Liability for Unlawful Harassment by Supervisors, June 1999

WEB SITES

California Department of Fair Employment and Housing: http://www.dfeh.ca.gov

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr

U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission: http://www.eeoc.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

adopted: May 15, 2019 Fort Jones, California



YOU ARE PROTECTED

The California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) prohibits harassment and discrimination in employment based on the following:

- Race (includes hair texture and protective hairstyle)
- · Color
- Religion (includes religious dress & grooming practices)
- Sex/gender (includes pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding and/or related medical conditions)
- Gender identity, gender expression
- Sexual orientation
- Marital status
- Medical Condition (genetic characteristics, cancer or a record or history of cancer)
- · Military or veteran status
- National origin (includes language use and possession of driver's license issued to persons unable to prove their presence in the United States is authorized under federal law)
- . Afficestry
- Disability (mental and physical, including HIV/AIDS, cancer, and genetic characteristics)
- Genetic information
- Request for family care leave
- Request for leave for a serious health condition
- · Request for Pregnancy Disability Leave
- Retaliation for reporting patient abuse in tax-supported institutions
- Age (over 40)
- Criminal Background (Fair Chance Act)

DISCRIMINATION IS PROHIBITED

Discrimination is prohibited in all employment practices, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Advertisements
- 2. Applications, screening, and interviews
- 3. Hiring, transferring, promoting, terminating, or separating employees
- 4. Working conditions
- 5. Participating in a training or apprenticeship program, employee organization, or union

Discrimination is prohibited in all aspects of the housing business, Including, but not limited to:

- 1. Advertisements
- 2. Mortgage lending and insurance
- 3. Application and selection processes
 - Jerms, conditions, and privileges of occupancy, including freedom from harassment
- Public and private land-use practices, including the existence of restrictive covenants

Individuals with disabilities are entitled to reasonable accommodation in rules, policies, practices, and services and are also permitted, at their own expense, to reasonably modify their dwelling to ensure full enjoyment of the premises.

As in employment discrimination law, individuals are protected from retaliation for filing complaints.

FEHA also prohibits discrimination in the rental and sale of housing based on the following:

- Military or veteran status
 - · Color · Religion
- Genetic information
 National origin (including language use restrictions)
 - Sex
 - Gender Gender identity/

children under age 18, individuals who are pregnant, or who are pending legal

Familial status (households with

- Gender expression
 - Ancestry Sexual orientation Marital status
- Mantal status Source of income gene
- custody of a child under age 18)
 Disability (mental and physical, including HIV/AIDS, cancer, and genetic characteristics)

CALIFORNIA WORKERS ARE:

- Guaranteed reasonable accommodation or leave if disabled because of pregnancy, or if your job would cause undue risk to you or your pregnancy's successful completion (if working for an employer of more than 5 employees)
- Guaranteed leave for the birth or adoption of a child; for the employee's own serious health condition; or to care for a parent, spouse, or child with a serious health condition (if working for an employer of more than 50 employees)
- Protected from harassment because of their sex, race, or any other category covered under the law.
- Protected from retaliation for filing a complaint with DFEH, for participating in the investigation of a complaint, or for protesting possible violations of the law
- California workers with disabilities are also entitled to reasonable accommodation when necessary in order to perform the job

IS PROHIBITED UNDER THE UNRUH SERVICES AND ACCOMMODATION DISCRIMINATION IN PUBLIC CIVIL RIGHTS ACT

THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

THE MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT HOUSING AND PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS, AND FROM FROM UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT, THE PERPETRATION OF ACTS OF HATE VIOLENCE AND HUMAN TRAFFICKING.



establishments." Business establishments accommodations, advantages, facilities, covered by the law include, but are not privileges, or services in all business The law requires "full and equal limited to:

Hospitals Hotels and motels

 Housing accommodations Nonprofit organizations

Local government

Restaurants

Theaters

Retail establishments and public agencies

beauty salons

Barber shops and

HATE VIOLENCE

condition, genetic information, disability, sex/ the law for any person to threaten or commit acts of violence against a person or property Under the Ralph Civil Rights Act, it is against national origin, age, marital status, medical gender, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, political affiliation, or based on race, color, religion, ancestry, position in a labor dispute.

HUMAN TRAFFICKING

2016, AB 1684 (Stone) gave DFEH authority Human trafficking is a violation of civil law to receive, investigate, conciliate, mediate, in addition to being a criminal offense. In and prosecute civil complaints alleging human trafficking under California Civil Code, § 52.5, the California Trafficking Victims Protection Act.

FILING A COMPLAINT

of the last date of harm; for all other cases, file employment cases only, file within three years within one year of the last date of harm. DFEH processes complaints filed by persons with contacting DFEH as described below. For discrimination, hate violence, or human trafficking, you may file a complaint by terminal illnesses on a priority basis. If you believe you are a victim of

To schedule an appointment, contact the Communication Center below.

the California Relay Service (711), or you can Hearing or have speech disabilities, through assist you by scribing your intake by phone or, for individuals who are Deaf or Hard of reasonable accommodation, DFEH can If you have a disability that requires a contact us below.

CONTACT US

contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov Toll Free: (800) 884-1684 ПҮ: (800) 700-2320 www.dfeh.ca.gov

CIVIL RIGHTS IN CALIFORNIA

provide for pregnancy leave and family and personal DFEH) enforces California state laws that prohibit The Department of Fair Employment and Housing harassment and discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations and that medical leave. It also accepts and investigates complaints alleging hate violence or threats of hate violence and human trafficking.

DEEH ENFORCES THESE LAWS BY:

The Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) enforces this law by:

- Investigating harassment, discrimination, and denial of leave complaints
- complaints involving alleged violations of 2. Assisting parties to voluntarily resolve the laws
- 3. Prosecuting violations of the law
- prohibiting harassment and discrimination participating in seminars and conferences 4. Educating Californians about the laws by providing written materials and

Scott Valley Unified School District annually notifies our students, employees, parents or guardians of its students, the district advisory committee, school advisory committees, appropriate private school officials, and other interested parties of the Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) process.

Scott Valley Unified School District is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations, including those related to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group, and all programs and activities that are subject to the UCP.

Programs and Activities Subject to the UCP

- Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils
- Adult Education
- After School Education and Safety
- Agricultural Career Technical Education
- Career Technical and Technical Education, Career Technical, Technical Training (state)
- Career Technical Education (federal)
- Child Care and Development
- Compensatory Education
- Course Periods without Educational Content
- Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who are Homeless, former Juvenile Court Pupils now enrolled in a school district and Children of Military Families
- Every Student Succeeds Act
- Local Control and Accountability Plans (LCAP)
- Migrant Education
- Physical Education Instructional Minutes
- Pupil Fees
- Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil
- Regional Occupational Centers and Programs
- School Plans For Student Achievement
- School Safety Plans
- School Site Councils
- State Preschool
- State Preschool Health And Safety Issues In LEAs Exempt From Licensing

Pupil Fees

A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:

A fee charged to a pupil as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory, or is for credit.

A security deposit, or other payment, that a pupil is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, clothes, or other materials or equipment.

A purchase that a pupil is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment, or clothes associated with an educational activity.

A pupil fees complaint may be filed with the principal of a school or our superintendent or his or her designee. A pupil fees and/or an LCAP complaint may be filed anonymously, however, the complainant must provide evidence or information leading to evidence to support the complaint.

A pupil enrolled in a school in our district shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.

A pupil fee complaint shall be filed no later than one year from the date the alleged violation occurred.

Additional Information

We shall post a standardized notice of the educational rights of pupils in foster care, pupils who are homeless, former juvenile court pupils now enrolled in a school district, and pupils in military families as specified in *Education Code* Sections 48645.7, 48853, 48853.5, 49069.5, 51225.1, and 51225.2. This notice shall include complaint process information, as applicable.

We shall post a notice to identify appropriate subjects of state preschool health and safety issues in each California state preschool program classroom in each school notifying parents, guardians, pupils, and teachers of (1) the health and safety requirements under Title 5 of the *California Code of Regulations* that apply to California state preschool programs pursuant to *HSC* section 1596.7925 and (2) where to get a form for a state preschool health and safety issues complaint.

Contact Information

The staff member, position, or unit responsible to receive UCP complaints in our agency is:

Micheline Miglis, Superintendent
Scott Valley Unified School District
11918 Main Street, Fort Jones, California, 96032
(530) 468-2727

Complaints will be investigated and a written report with a Decision will be sent to the complainant within sixty (60) days from the receipt of the complaint. This time period may be extended by written agreement of the complainant. The person responsible for investigating the complaint shall conduct and complete the investigation in accordance with our UCP policies and procedures.

The complainant has a right to appeal our Decision of complaints regarding specific programs and activities subject to the UCP, pupil fees and the LCAP to CDE by filing a written appeal within 15 days of receiving our Decision. The appeal must be accompanied by a copy of the originally filed complaint and a copy of our Decision.

We advise any complainant of civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable.

Copies of our Uniform Complaint Procedures process shall be available free of charge.



SVUSD WELLNESS POLICY

WHAT IT SAYS

The Board of Trustees recognizes the link between student health and learning and desires to provide a comprehensive program promoting healthy eating and physical activity for district students.

To this end the Board adopted policy BP 5030 which:

- Outlines goals for a nutrition education program that is based on research, is consistent with established state
 curriculum frameworks, and is designed to build skills and knowledge that all students need to maintain a healthy
 lifestyle.
- Provide a nutrition education program that includes, but is not limited to, information about the benefits of healthy eating for learning, disease prevention, weight management, and oral health.
- Integrate, as appropriate the health education program into other academic subjects in the regular educational program, after-school programs, and school garden programs.
- Prohibits the marketing and advertising of non-nutritious foods and beverages through signage, vending machine fronts, logos, scoreboards, and school supplies, advertisements in school publications, coupon or incentive programs free give-aways, or other means.
- All foods and beverages sold to students at district schools should support the health curriculum and promote optimal health.
- Encourages school organizations to use healthy food items or non-food items for fundraising purposes.
- Encourages school staff to avoid the use of non-nutritious foods for rewards for students' academic performance, accomplishments, or classroom behavior.
- Encourages parents/volunteers to support the district's nutrition education program when selecting any snacks which will be donated for the occasional class celebration.
- Commits to class parties or celebrations being held after the lunch period whenever possible.

For a complete text of the SVUSD Wellness Policy please contact your local school or the district office ask for BP 5030 (approved 9/18/13)



Scott Valley USD

Board Policy
Drug And Alcohol-Free Workplace

BP 4020 Personnel

The Governing Board believes that the maintenance of a drug- and alcohol-free workplace is essential to staff and student safety and to help ensure a productive and safe work and learning environment.

(cf. 4112.41/4212.41/4312.41 - Employee Drug Testing) (cf. 4112.42/4212.42/4312.42 - Drug and Alcohol Testing for School Bus Drivers)

An employee shall not unlawfully manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess, or use any controlled substance in the workplace. (Government Code 8355; 41 USC 701)

Employees are prohibited from being under the influence of controlled substances or alcohol while on duty. For purposes of this policy, on duty means while an employee is on duty during both instructional and noninstructional time in the classroom or workplace, at extracurricular or cocurricular activities, or while transporting students or otherwise supervising them. Under the influence means that the employee's capabilities are adversely or negatively affected, impaired, or diminished to an extent that impacts the employee's ability to safely and effectively perform his/her job.

(cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation)

The Superintendent or designee shall notify employees of the district's prohibition against drug use and the actions that will be taken for violation of such prohibition. (Government Code 8355; 41 USC 701)

An employee shall abide by the terms of this policy and shall notify the district, within five days, of his/her conviction for violation in the workplace of any criminal drug statute. (Government Code 8355; 41 USC 701)

The Superintendent or designee shall notify the appropriate federal granting or contracting agency within 10 days after receiving notification, from an employee or otherwise, of any conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace. (41 USC 701)

In accordance with law and the district's collective bargaining agreements, the Superintendent or designee shall take appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including termination, against an employee for violating the terms of this policy and/or shall require the employee to satisfactorily participate in and complete a drug assistance or rehabilitation program approved by a federal, state, or local public health or law enforcement agency or other appropriate agency.

(cf. 4112 - Appointment and Conditions of Employment)

(cf. 4117.4 - Dismissal)

(cf. 4118 - Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

(cf. 4212 - Appointment and Conditions of Employment)

(cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

Drug-Free Awareness Program

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about: (Government Code 8355; 41 USC 701)

- 1. The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace
- 2. The district's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace
- 3. Available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs (cf. 4159/4259/4359 Employee Assistance Programs)
- 4. The penalties that may be imposed on employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

- 44011 Controlled substance offense
- 44425 Conviction of controlled substance offenses as grounds for revocation of credential
- 44836 Employment of certificated persons convicted of controlled substance offenses
- 44940 Compulsory leave of absence for certificated persons
- 44940.5 Procedures when employees are placed on compulsory leave of absence
- 45123 Employment after conviction of controlled substance offense
- 45304 Compulsory leave of absence for classified persons

GOVERNMENT CODE

8350-8357 Drug-free workplace

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

7111-7117 Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities Act

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 21

812 Schedule of controlled substances

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 41

701-707 Drug-Free Workplace Act

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 21

1308.01-1308.49 Schedule of controlled substances

COURT DECISIONS

Cahoon v. Governing Board of Ventura USD, (2009) 171 Cal.App.4th 381

Ross v. RagingWire Telecommunications, Inc., (2008) 42 Cal.4th 920

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs: http://www.adp.ca.gov

California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

U.S. Department of Labor: http://www.dol.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

adopted: February 16, 2011 Fort Jones, California

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Tobacco-Free Schools

BP 3513.3

Business and Noninstructional Operations

The Governing Board recognizes that smoking and other uses of tobacco and nicotine products constitute a serious public health hazard and are inconsistent with district goals to provide a healthy environment for students and staff.

(cf. 3514 - Environmental Safety)

(cf. 4159/4259/4359 - Employee Assistance Programs)

(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)

(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)

(cf. 5141.23 - Asthma Management)

(cf. 6142.8 - Comprehensive Health Education)

(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

The Board prohibits smoking and/or the use of tobacco products at any time in district-owned or leased buildings, on district property, and in district vehicles. (Health and Safety Code 104420, 104559)

These prohibitions apply to all employees, students, and visitors at any school-sponsored instructional program, activity, or athletic event held on or off district property. Any written joint use agreement governing community use of district facilities or grounds shall include notice of the district's tobacco-free schools policy and consequences for violations of the policy.

```
(cf. 1330 - Use of School Facilities)
(cf. 1330.1 - Joint Use Agreements)
```

Smoking means inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying of any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, tobacco, or plant product intended for inhalation, whether natural or synthetic, in any manner or form, and includes the use of an electronic smoking device that creates aerosol or vapor or of any oral smoking device for the purpose of circumventing the prohibition of smoking. (Business and Professions Code 22950.5; Education Code 48901)

Tobacco products include: (Business and Professions Code 22950.5; Education Code 48901)

- 1. Any product containing, made, or derived from tobacco or nicotine that is intended for human consumption, whether smoked, heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by any other means, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, chewing tobacco, pipe tobacco, or snuff
- 2. An electronic device that delivers nicotine or other vaporized liquids to the person inhaling from the device, including, but not limited to, an electronic cigarette, cigar, pipe, or hookah
- 3. Any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product, whether or not sold separately

This policy does not prohibit the use or possession of prescription products and other cessation aids that have

been approved by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug Administration, such as nicotine patch or gum.

Smoking or use of any tobacco-related product or disposal of any tobacco-related waste is prohibited within 25 feet of any playground, except on a public sidewalk located within 25 feet of the playground. In addition, any form of intimidation, threat, or retaliation against a person for attempting to enforce this policy is prohibited. (Health and Safety Code 104495)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

48900 Grounds for suspension/expulsion

48901 Prohibition against tobacco use by students

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE

22950.5 Stop Tobacco Access to Kids Enforcement Act; definitions

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

39002 Control of air pollution from nonvehicular sources

104350-104495 Tobacco use prevention, especially:

104495 Prohibition of smoking and tobacco waste on playgrounds

104559 Tobacco use prohibition

119405 Unlawful to sell or furnish electronic cigarettes to minors

LABOR CODE

3300 Employer, definition

6304 Safe and healthful workplace

6404.5 Occupational safety and health; use of tobacco products

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

6083 Nonsmoking policy for children's services

7111-7122 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 21

1140.1-1140.34 Unlawful sale of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to minors

PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AND RELATIONS BOARD RULINGS

Eureka Teachers Assn. v. Eureka City School District (1992) PERB Order #955 (16 PERC 23168)

CSEA #506 and Associated Teachers of Metropolitan Riverside v. Riverside Unified School District (1989)

PERB Order #750 (13 PERC 20147)

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

California Department of Education, Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Prevention:

http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/he/at

California Department of Education, Tobacco-Free School District Certification:

http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/he/at/tobaccofreecert.asp

California Department of Public Health, Tobacco Control: http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/tobacco

Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board: http://www.dir.ca.gov/OSHSB/oshsb.html

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: http://www.epa.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT adopted: September 21, 2016 Fort Jones, California

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Employee Assistance Programs

BP 4159

Personnel

The Governing Board recognizes that school district employees may have problems which can have detrimental effects upon job performance and student safety. The Board encourages employees to seek help when such problems exist and to take advantage of the resources that are available to assist them.

Employees shall have confidential access to information about the district's employee assistance program. This information shall be available to all employees and their spouses and dependents.

```
(cf. 3513.3 - Tobacco-Free Schools)
(cf. 4020 - Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace)
(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)
```

Management and supervisory staff shall be knowledgeable about the district's employee assistance program and may counsel employees about the program, as appropriate.

Participation in the assistance program shall not jeopardize an employee's employment or career advancement, nor will it protect the employee from disciplinary action for substandard job performance.

```
(cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation)
(cf. 4115 - Evaluation/Supervision)
(cf. 4118 - Suspension/Disciplinary Action)
(cf. 4161/4261 - Leaves)
(cf. 4161.1/4261.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave)
(cf. 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave)
(cf. 4161.9/4261.9/4361.9 - Catastrophic Leave Program)
(cf. 4215 - Evaluation/Supervision)
(cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)
(cf. 4315 - Evaluation/Supervision)
(cf. 4361 - Leaves)
(cf. 4361.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave)
```

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 35160 Authority of governing board 35160.1 Broad authority of school districts
44962 Leaves of absence for certificated employees
44964 Power to grant leaves of absence for accident, illness or quarantine
45190-45209 Resignations and leaves of absence for classified employees
GOVERNMENT CODE
8355 Certification to contracting or granting agency; requisites
HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE
104420 Providing information re: smoking cessation program
UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 41
701-707 Drug-Free Workplace Act

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT adopted: September 12, 2007 Fort Jones, California

We Help People live their lives to the fullest potential.



HOW CAN THE EAP HELP YOU?

Call the EAP for guidance and support managing work and life, including:

- · Achieving personal goals
- · Finding care for an aging relative
- · Sorting through legal matters
- · Resolving conflicts
- · Improving health such as weight loss, stress management or quitting smoking
- · Planning for a strong financial future
- · Strengthening relationships
- Improving communication skills
- · Planning for life events such as a marriage or birth of a child

ONLINE RESOURCES

Visit the Achieve Solutions website to access articles, videos, calculators and quizzes to help you improve your health and manage life events. You can also search for service providers in your area. The site is available in English and Spanish.

Topics include:

- Depression
- · Strengthening marriage and relationships
- · Stress management
- Anxiety
- · Conflict management
- · Weight management
- · Communication

HOW THE EAP WORKS

- · Access is easy and there's no cost to you. Go online or call the toll-free phone number on this brochure any time. Each member must call Beacon Health Options for authorization and referral before receiving services. Claims will not be paid without an authorization.
- · Staffed by professionals. EAP professionals are highly trained and qualified. The information you receive is accurate, up to date and relevant to your particular circumstances.

 Your call is private. Your personal information is kept confidential in accordance with federal and state laws.

Privacy is a priority

The EAP upholds strict confidentiality standards. Your personal information is kept confidential in accordance with federal and state laws. No one will know you have accessed the program services unless you specifically grant permission or express a concern that presents a legal obligation to release information (for example, if it is believed you are a danger to yourself or to others).

> Call for confidential support or information any time, day or night.

> > 1-877-397-1032

www.achievesolutions.net/cvt

This brochure is for informational purposes only and does not guarantee eligibility for program services. Beacon Health Options services do not replace regular medical care. In an emergency, seek help immediately.

YOUR EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Resources, referral and support services for personal success:

- Managing life events
- · Achieving personal goals · Legal services
- Financial services · Work/life services







EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

CONFIDENTIAL SUPPORT FOR WORK AND LIFE



Life is busy. When you need more resources to manage it all, our Employee Assistance Program (EAP) professionals can help. The EAP provides information, guidance and support to help you and your family reach your personal and professional goals, manage daily stresses and develop fulfilling relationships.

The EAP is here to help

You don't have to handle your concerns on your own. It's OK to ask for help. In fact, seeking help early enables you to take immediate control of your situation and can prevent small issues from turning into big problems. EAP counselors are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Whether your concern is big or small, don't hesitate to call.

BENEFITS OF THE EAP INCLUDE:

COUNSELING SERVICES

Talk one-on-one with an experienced, licensed counselor for support with stress management, strengthening relationships, work/life balance, grief and loss, and more. You can access a counselor face-to-face, online, by video, or by phone.

Each covered member can get up to six counseling sessions per benefit year (with a maximum of two courses of treatment). Clinical assistance is available 24 hours a day/7 days a week. As with all EAP services, your conversation will be strictly confidential.

LEGAL SERVICES (Free 30-minute consultation and discounted rates)

- Divorce
- · Landlord and tenant issues
- · Real estate transactions
- · Wills and power of attorney
- · Civil lawsuits and contracts
- · Identity theft recovery

FINANCIAL SERVICES (Free 30-minute consultation and discounted rates)

Talk to a financial coach for guidance on:

- · Saving for college
- · Debt consolidation
- Mortgage issues
- · Estate planning
- General tax questions
- Retirement planning
- Family budgeting

WORK/LIFE SERVICES

- · Work/life resource and referral services
- Child care services
- Elder care services

YOUR EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Call for confidential support or information any time, day or night.

1-877-397-1032

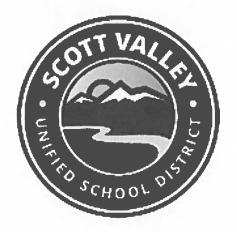
www.achievesolutions.net/cvt











INJURY AND ILLNESS PREVENTION PROGRAM For

SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Board Approval: 06/16/2021

Safety Committee Review: 05/12/2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	
GOALS	
STATUTORY AUTHORITY	
RESPONSIBILITY	
COMPLIANCE	2
HAZARD IDENTIFICATION	3
Scheduled Inspections	
Unscheduled Safety Inspections	
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATIONS	
HAZARD CORRECTION	4
TRAINING	4
General Safe Work Practices	
Specific Safe Work Practices	
COMMUNICATION	5
DOCUMENTATION	6

INTRODUCTION

In order to maintain a safe and healthful work environment the Scott Valley Unified School District has developed this Injury and Illness Prevention Program for all employees to follow. This document describes the goals, statutory authority, and the responsibilities of all employees under the Program. It addresses Compliance, Hazard Identification, Accident Investigation, Hazard Mitigation, Training, Hazard Communication, and Program Documentation. By making employee safety a high priority for every employee we can reduce injuries and illnesses, increase productivity, and promote a safer and healthier environment for all individuals at Scott Valley Unified School District.

GOALS

Diligent implementation of this program will reap many benefits for Scott Valley Unified School District. Most notably it will:

- 1. Protect the health and safety of employees. Decrease the potential risk of disease, illness, injury, and harmful exposures to district personnel.
- 2. Reduce workers' compensation claims and costs.
- 3. Improve efficiency by reducing the time spent replacing or reassigning injured employees, as well as reduce the need to find and train replacement employees.
- 4. Improve employee morale and efficiency as employees see that their safety is important to management.
- 5. Minimize the potential for penalties assessed by various enforcement agencies by maintaining compliance with Health and Safety Codes.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY

- California Labor Code Section 6401.7.
- ♦ California Code of Regulations Title 8, Sections 1509 and 3203.

RESPONSIBILITY

The ultimate responsibility for establishing and maintaining effective environmental health and safety policies specific to district facilities and operations rests with the <u>Superintendent</u>. Our district's coadministrator for our IIPP is the <u>Human Resources Coordinator</u>, <u>Joy Edwards</u>. General policies, which govern the activities and responsibilities of the Injury and Illness Prevention Program, are established under the Superintendent's final authority.

It is the responsibility of Site Administrators, Supervisors, and Managers to develop procedures, which ensure effective compliance with the Injury and Illness Prevention Program, as well as other health and safety policies related to operations under their control.

Site Administrators, Supervisors and Managers, are responsible for enforcement of this Program among the employees under their direction by carrying out the various duties outlined herein, setting acceptable safety policies and procedures for each employee to follow and ensuring that employees receive the general safety training. Each Site Administrator, Supervisor, and Manager must also ensure that appropriate job specific safety training is received, and that safety responsibilities are clearly outlined in the job descriptions, which govern the employees under their direction. Supervising others also carries the responsibility for knowing how to safely accomplish the tasks assigned each employee, for purchasing appropriate personal protective equipment, and for evaluating employee compliance.

Immediate responsibility for workplace health and safety rests with each individual employee. Employees are responsible for following the established work procedures and safety guidelines in their area, as well as those identified in this Program. Employees are also responsible for using the personal protective equipment issued to protect them from identified hazards, and for reporting any unsafe conditions to their supervisors.

The <u>Superintendent</u> is responsible for developing and managing this Injury and Illness Prevention Program. The Safety Committee Chair Person and/or the Superintendent in conjunction with the Human Resources Coordinator will conduct all safety meetings. The Human Resources Coordinator will act on any and all accidents and/or worker compensation claims.

COMPLIANCE

Compliance with this Injury and Illness Prevention Program will be achieved in the following manner:

- 1. Site Administrators, Supervisors, and Managers will set positive examples for working safely and require that all staff under their direction work safely.
- 2. Site Administrators, Supervisors, and Managers will use all disciplinary procedures available to them to ensure that employees follow established safety policies and procedures. Performance evaluations, verbal counseling, written warnings, and other forms of disciplinary action are available.
- 3. Site Administrators, Supervisors, and Managers will identify the resources necessary to provide a safe work environment for their employees and include them in budget requests.
- 4. Site Administrators, Supervisors, and Managers will establish appropriate means of recognition for employees who demonstrate safe work practices.

Scott Valley Unified School District has developed this comprehensive Injury and Illness Prevention Program to enhance the health and safety of its employees.

HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

A health and safety inspection program is essential in order to reduce unsafe conditions, which may expose employees to incidents that could result in personal injuries or property damage. It is the responsibility of the <u>maintenance staff at each site</u> to ensure that appropriate, systematic safety inspections are conducted periodically.

Scheduled Safety Inspections

Upon initial implementation of this Program, inspections of all work areas will be conducted. All inspections will be documented using the designated forms (or equivalent) with appropriate abatement of any hazards detected.

Thereafter, safety inspections will be conducted at the frequency described below:

- 1. Annual inspections of all office areas will be conducted to detect and eliminate any hazardous conditions that may exist.
- 2. Semi-annual inspections of all potentially hazardous areas (shops, cafeterias, warehouses, gymnasiums, sheds, etc.) will be conducted to detect and eliminate any hazardous conditions that may exist.

Unscheduled Safety Inspections

- 1. Additional safety inspections will be conducted whenever new equipment or changes in procedures are introduced into the workplace that presents new hazards.
- 2. The Superintendent or designee will conduct periodic unscheduled safety inspections of all potentially hazardous areas to assist in the maintenance of a safe and healthful workplace.
- 3. Safety reviews will be conducted when occupational accidents occur to identify and correct hazards that may have contributed to the accident.

ACCIDENT INVESTIGATIONS

The Human Resources Coordinator, Superintendent, Site Administrators, Supervisors, or Managers will investigate all accidents, injuries, occupational illnesses, and near-miss incidents to identify the root cause. Appropriate repairs or procedural changes will be implemented promptly to correct the hazards implicated in these events.

To ensure timely accounting for Workers' Compensation procedures, both employee and Human Resources Coordinator or supervisor must complete their respective portions on the appropriate forms available at the District Office or school site.

HAZARD CORRECTION

All hazards identified will be promptly investigated and alternate procedures implemented as indicated. The District recognizes that hazards range from imminent dangers to hazards of relatively low risk. Corrective actions or plans, including suitable timetables for completion, are the responsibility of the Site Administrator or Superintendent.

TRAINING

Effective dissemination of safety information lies at the very heart of a successful Injury and Illness Prevention Program. All employees must be trained in general safe work practices. In addition, specific instruction with respect to hazards unique to each employee's job assignment will be provided.

General Safe Work Practices

At a minimum, all employees will be trained in the following:

- 1. Fire Safety, Evacuation, and Emergency Procedures
- 2. Hazard Communication (Use of Safety Data Sheets)
- 3. Bloodborne Pathogens
- 4. Injury and Illness Prevention Program

Specific Safe Work Practices

In addition to this general training, each employee will be instructed how to protect themselves from the hazards specific to their individual job duties. At a minimum this entails how to use workplace equipment, safe handling of hazardous materials and use of personal protective equipment. Training must be completed before beginning to work on assigned equipment, and whenever new hazards or changes in procedures are implemented.

The Superintendent or designee is responsible for providing Site Administrators, Supervisors, and Managers with the training necessary to familiarize themselves with the safety and health hazards their employees are exposed to.

It is the responsibility of each Site Administrator, Supervisor, and Manager to know the hazards related to his/her employee's job tasks, and ensure they receive appropriate training.

1. Supervisors will ensure that all employees receive general and job-specific training prior to initial or new job assignments.

- 2. Supervisors will ensure that employees are trained whenever new substances, processes, procedures or equipment are introduced to the workplace which may create new hazards. Training must also be given when new or previously unrecognized hazards are brought to a supervisor's attention.
- 3. All training will be documented and kept in employee files.

COMMUNICATION

Effective two-way communication, which involves employee input on matters of workplace safety, is essential to maintaining an effective Injury and Illness Prevention Program. To foster better safety communication the following guidelines will be implemented:

The department will use an Employee Bulletin Board for posting information on safety in a location accessible to all employees. Changes in protocol, safety bulletins, accident statistics, training announcements, and other safety information will be posted, as they become available.

Site Administrators, Managers, and Supervisors will provide time at periodic staff meetings to discuss safety topics. Status reports will be given on safety inspections, hazard correction projects, and accident investigation results, as well as feedback to previous employee suggestions. Employees will be encouraged to participate and give suggestions without fear of reprisal. The attached attendance sheet should be used to document attendance and topics covered. Additional communication methods to be used are:

Posters, Meetings, Manuals, Newsletters, Bulletins, Warning Labels

Other, please specify:	417-74	
	1 2	

Employees are encouraged to bring to the District's attention any potential health or safety hazard that may exist in the work area. Employee Safety Recommendation can be e-mailed to the Site Administrator or Supervisor.

Supervisors will follow up all suggestions and investigate the concerns brought up through these communication methods. Feedback to the employees is critical, and must be provided for effective two-way communication.

Compliance will be reinforced by:
Appropriate comments on performance evaluations.
Other, please specify:
Non-compliance will be addressed by:
An immediate discussion between the supervisor and the employee who is discovered working in an unsafe manner.
Appropriate disciplinary action up to dismissal.
Other, please specify:
The District will pursue readily understandable health and safety communications for all affected

The District will pursue readily understandable health and safety communications for all affected employees.

DOCUMENTATION

Many standards and regulations of Cal/OSHA contain requirements for the maintenance and retention of records for occupational injuries and illnesses, medical surveillance, exposure monitoring, inspections and other activities relevant to occupational health and safety. To comply with these regulations, as well as to demonstrate that the critical elements of this Injury and Illness Prevention Program are being implemented, the following records will be kept on file in the District Office or school site for at least the length of time indicated below:

- 1. Copies of all IIPP Safety Inspection Forms. Retain 5 years.
- 2. Copies of all Accident Investigation Forms. Retain 5 years.
- 3. Copies of all Employee Training Checklists and related Training Documents. Retain for duration of each individual's employment.
- 4. Copies of all Safety Meeting Agendas. Retain 5 years

The District will ensure that these records are kept in their files, and present them to Cal/OSHA or other regulatory agency representatives if requested. A review of these records will be conducted by the Superintendent during routine inspections to measure compliance with the Program.

A safe and healthy workplace must be the goal of everyone at the Scott Valley Unified School District, with responsibility shared by management and staff alike. If you have any questions regarding this Injury and Illness Prevention Program, please contact the District Office at 11918 Main Street, Fort Jones, CA 96032 phone: 530-468-2727 fax: 530-468-2729



COVID-19 Prevention Program (CPP) and Injury and Illness Prevention Program COVID-19 Addendum for Scott Valley Unified School District

With some exceptions, all employers and places of employment are required to establish and implement an effective written COVID-19 Prevention Program (CPP) pursuant to an Emergency Temporary Standard in place for COVID-19 (California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 8, section 3205(c)). This COVID-19 Prevention Program (CPP) and Injury and Illness Prevention Program (IIPP) COVID-19 Addendum is designed to control exposures to the SARS-CoV-2 virus that may occur in our workplace.

Date: January 25, 2021

Authority and Responsibility

The Superintendent has overall authority and responsibility for implementing the provisions of this COVID-19 Prevention Program (CPP) and Injury and Illness Prevention Program (IIPP) COVID-19 Addendum in our workplace. In addition, all managers and supervisors are responsible for implementing and maintaining the CPP in their assigned work areas and for ensuring employees receive answers to questions about the program in a language they understand.

All employees are responsible for using safe work practices, following all directives, policies and procedures, and assisting in maintaining a safe work environment.

Purpose

It is the policy of the Scott Valley Unified School District to ensure a safe and healthy environment for employees, staff, and students. Communicable and infectious diseases such as COVID-19 are minimized by providing prevention, education, identification through examination, surveillance, immunization, treatment and follow-up, isolation, and reporting.

Due to the widespread of COVID-19 in the global community Scott Valley Unified School District has implemented the following infection control measures, including applicable and relevant recommendations from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and our state and local guidelines.

Introduction What is COVID-19?

On February 11, 2020, the World Health Organization announced an official name for the disease that is causing the 2019 novel coronavirus outbreak, first identified in Wuhan China. The new name of this disease is Coronavirus disease 2019, abbreviated as COVID-19. In COVID-19, 'CO' stands for 'corona,' 'VI' for 'virus,' and 'D' for disease. Formerly, this disease was referred to as "2019 novel coronavirus" or "2019-nCoV". There are many types of human coronaviruses including some that commonly cause mild upper-respiratory tract illnesses. COVID-19 is a new disease, caused by a new coronavirus that has not previously been seen in humans.

What are the Symptoms of COVID-19?:

Symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure to the virus.

COVID-19 Symptoms and Signs:

- Cough
- · Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Fever
- Chills
- Repeated shaking with chills
- Fatigue
- Muscle pain
- Headache
- Sore throat
- Congestion or runny nose
- Nausea or vomiting
- Diarrhea
- Loss of taste or smell

Procedures to Help Prevent the Spread of COVID-19

Protect Yourself

Older adults and people who have severe underlying medical conditions like heart or lung disease or diabetes seem to be at higher risk for developing serious complications from COVID-19 illness.

How does it spread?

The best way to prevent illness is to avoid being exposed to this virus.

- The virus is thought to spread mainly from person-to-person.
- Between people who are in close contact with one another (within about 6 feet for 15 minutes).
- Through respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs, sneezes or talks.
- Through respiratory droplets that can land in the mouths or noses of people who are nearby or possibly be inhaled into the lungs.

Some recent studies have suggested that COVID-19 may be spread by people who are not showing symptoms.

To prevent the spread of respiratory infections from one person to the next, frequent hand washing is recommended.

Germs can spread from other people or surfaces when:

- Touching eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands
- Preparing or eating food and drinks with unwashed hands
- Touching contaminated surfaces or objects
- Blowing nose, coughing, or sneezing into hands and then touching other people's hands or common objects.
- Touching an item or surface in a public area that may be frequently touched by other people, such as door handles and tables.

Control of COVID-19 Hazards

Avoid Close Contact - Physical Distancing

Physical distancing is an effective method that can help stop or slow the spread of an infectious disease by limiting the contact between people. For COVID-19, the recommended distance is at least 6 feet whenever feasible. To help prevent the spread of respiratory disease, employees should avoid close contact with people who are sick.

Each site will have a plan in place to ensure physical distancing at their location. The plan will include, but is not limited to the following:

- Increasing physical space between employees by modifying the workspace.
- Reducing the number of persons in an area at one time, including visitors.
- Avoiding shared work spaces (desks, offices, and cubicles) and work items (phones, computers, other
 work tools, and equipment) when possible. If they must be shared, following the cleaning and
 disinfecting the building and facility guidelines to clean and disinfect shared workspaces and work items
 before and after use.
- Increasing physical space between employees and public by offering drive-through service or physical barriers such as partitions to the extent possible.
- Using signs, tape marks, or other visual cues on the floor, placed 6 feet apart, to indicate where to stand when physical barriers are not possible wherever needed and as directed by public health.
- Staggered arrival, departure, work, and break times.
- Close or limited access to common areas where employees are likely to congregate and interact.
- Delivering services and holding meetings remotely by phone, video or internet whenever feasible.
- When videoconferencing or teleconferencing is not possible, holding meetings in open, well-ventilated spaces continuing to maintain a distance of at least 6 feet apart and wear face coverings.
- Limiting any unnecessary travel with passenger(s) from one site to another in work vehicles and personal employee vehicles.
- Eliminating all non-essential and non-related services.

Employees will also be asked to practice social distancing outdoors including, but not limited to the following:

- When working in sports fields, playgrounds, assembly areas, and/or other outdoor areas
- · Before starting the work shift
- After the work shift
- Coming and going from vehicles
- Entering, working and exiting physical buildings or other structures
- During breaks and lunch periods

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) used to control employees' exposure to COVID-19

While engineering and administrative controls are considered more effective in minimizing exposure to COVID-19, PPE may also be needed to prevent certain exposures. While correctly using PPE can help prevent some exposures, it should not take the place of other prevention strategies. Examples of PPE include: gloves, goggles, face shields, face masks, and respiratory protection, when appropriate. During an outbreak of an infectious disease, such as COVID-19, recommendations for PPE specific to occupations or job tasks may change depending on geographic location, updated risk assessments for workers, and information on PPE effectiveness in preventing the spread of COVID-19.

We evaluate the need for PPE (such as gloves, goggles, and face shields) as required by CCR Title 8, section 3380, and provide such PPE as needed.

When it comes to respiratory protection, we evaluate the need in accordance with CCR Title 8 section 5144 when the physical distancing requirements are not feasible or maintained.

Unless otherwise directed by your supervisor, all employees must cover their mouth and nose with a face cover when around others as determined by California Department of Public Health or Siskiyou County Public Health.

You could spread COVID-19 to others even if you do not feel sick.

Face Coverings

We provide clean, undamaged face coverings in all schools and sites and ensure they are properly worn by employees over the nose and mouth when indoors, and when outdoors and less than six feet away from another person, including non-employees, and where required by orders from the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) or local health department. If an employee, student, parent or other official is concerned about employees not wearing face coverings, he/she is directed to the school/site supervisor.

- Face coverings should not be placed on young children under age 2, anyone who has trouble breathing, or is unconscious, incapacitated or otherwise unable to remove the mask without assistance.
- Face coverings for preschool are strongly encouraged but are not required at this time.
- Students grades TK through 12 and all staff must wear a face covering.
- The face covering is meant to protect other people in case you are infected.
- Do NOT use a facemask meant for a healthcare worker.
- Continue to keep about 6 feet between yourself and others. The face covering is not a substitute for social distancing.

The following are exceptions to the use of face coverings in our workplace:

- When an employee is alone in a room.
- While eating and drinking at the workplace, provided employees are at least six feet apart and outside air supply to the area, if indoors, has been maximized to the extent possible.
- Employees who cannot wear face coverings due to a medical or mental health condition or disability, or who are hearing-impaired or communicating with a hearing-impaired person. Alternatives will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Engineering controls

We maximize, to the extent feasible, the quantity of outside air for our buildings with mechanical or natural ventilation systems by:

- Open windows for air circulation to the greatest extent possible.
- All site filters have been changed and are on a replacement cycle. In the event of wildfires, the filters will be changed more frequently.
- Sites with air conditioning systems have built in filters in addition to installation of ionization equipment within the systems.
 - School Sites with sufficient air conditioning/filters: Etna Elementary, Etna Preschool, Scott River High School, Scott Valley Jr. High
- Air scrubbers with UV lights and box fans have been placed in areas/classrooms without air conditioning for increased air flow.
 - School Sites with need for additional filters and air flow: Etna High School (classrooms without air conditioning) and Fort Jones Elementary (entire site, minus the library)

Cleaning and disinfecting

Scott Valley Unified School District established routine schedules to clean and disinfect common surfaces and objects in the workplace. This includes, but is not limited to, classroom technology devices, containers, counters, tables, desks, chairs, benches, door handles, knobs, drinking fountains, refrigerators, vending machines, portable restroom and bathroom surfaces, automobiles and buses – inside and out, and trash cans.

The process of disinfecting includes providing disinfecting products, that are EPA approved for use against the virus that causes COVID-19 and following the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products (e.g., safety requirements, PPE, concentration, contact time.) Coronaviruses on surfaces and objects naturally die within hours to days. Warmer temperatures and exposure to sunlight will reduce the time the virus survives on surfaces and objects. Normal routine cleaning with soap and water removes germs and dirt from surfaces. It lowers the risk of spreading COVID-19 infection.

Disinfectants kill germs on surfaces after cleaning, that can further lower the risk of spreading infection. Employees will need to follow the district's approved disinfecting products and procedures when using disinfectants. Disinfecting procedures include:

- Ensuring adequate supplies and adequate time for it to be done properly
- Informing the employees and authorized employee representatives of the frequency and scope of cleaning and disinfection
- Some surfaces only need to be cleaned with soap and water. For example, surfaces and objects that are not frequently touched should be cleaned and do not require additional disinfection.
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily and shared workspaces and work items before and after use.
- Store and use disinfectants in a responsible and appropriate manner according to the label.
- Keep all disinfectants out of the reach of children. Disinfectants should typically not be applied on items
 used by children, especially any items that children might put in their mouths. Many disinfectants are
 toxic when swallowed.
- Do not overuse or stockpile disinfectants or other supplies.
- Always wear gloves appropriate for the chemicals being used when you are cleaning and disinfecting.
 Additional personal protective equipment (PPE) may be needed based on setting and product.
- Areas unoccupied for 7 or more days need only routine cleaning.
- Outdoor areas generally require normal routine cleaning and do not require disinfection.

Cleaning and Disinfecting Building or Facility if Someone is Sick:

Should we have a COVID-19 case in our workplace, we will implement the following procedures:

- Close off areas used by the sick person.
- Open outside doors and windows to increase air circulation in the area.
 - Wait 24 hours before you clean or disinfect.
 - If 24 hours is not feasible, wait as long as possible.
- Clean and disinfect all areas used by the sick person, such as offices, bathrooms, common areas, shared electronic equipment like tablets, touch screens, keyboards, remote controls.
- Always wash immediately after removing gloves and after contact with a sick person.
- If more than 7 days since the sick person visited or used the facility, additional cleaning and disinfection is not necessary.
- Continue routine cleaning and disinfection

Washing Facilities

Notify your supervisor if any washing facilities do not have an adequate supply of suitable cleansing agents, water and single-use towels or blowers.

Electronics

For electronics, such as tablets, touch screens, keyboards, and remote controls:

- Consider putting a wipeable cover on electronics.
- Follow manufacturer's instruction for cleaning and disinfecting.
- If no guidance, use alcohol-based wipes or sprays containing at least 70% alcohol. Dry surface thoroughly.

Shared tools, equipment and personal protective equipment (PPE)

PPE must not be shared, e.g., gloves, goggles and face coverings.

Items that employees come in regular physical contact with, such as phones, headsets, desks, keyboards, writing materials, instruments and tools must also not be shared, to the extent feasible. Where there must be sharing, the items will be disinfected between uses within departments using appropriate sanitizing material for the item and with the sanitizing sprayer where feasible. Training will be provided for proper use of sanitizing sprayer.

Sharing of vehicles will be minimized to the extent feasible, and high-touch points (for example, steering wheel, door handles, seatbelt buckles, armrests, shifter, etc.) will be disinfected between users.

Hand Sanitizing and Hygiene

Hand hygiene procedures include the use of alcohol-based hand rubs and hand washing with soap and water. Washing hands with soap and water is the best way to get rid of germs in most situations, and it's one of the most effective ways to prevent the spread of germs. If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer (containing at least 60% alcohol).

Properly wash hands with soap and water by:

- Wet hands first with warm or cold water.
- Apply soap to hands.
- Rub hands vigorously for at least 20 seconds, covering all surfaces of hands and fingers.
- Rinse hands with water and dry thoroughly with paper towel.
- Use paper towel to turn off water faucet.

Alcohol-based hand rub is an ideal method for decontaminating hands, except when hands are visibly soiled (e.g., dirt, blood, body fluids), and may not remove harmful chemicals from hands like pesticides and heavy metals, in which case soap and water should be used. Hand hygiene stations should be strategically placed to ensure easy access.

Using Alcohol-based Hand Rub (follow manufacturer's directions):

- Dispense the recommended volume of product;
- Apply product to the palm of one hand; and
- Rub hands together, covering all surfaces of hands and fingers until they are dry (no rinsing is required), this should take around 20 seconds.

Handwashing facilities will be maintained to provide adequate supply of hand washing soap and paper towels.

Coughing and Sneezing Etiquette

Covering coughs and sneezes and keeping hands clean can help prevent the spread of serious respiratory illnesses.

Germs can be easily spread by:

- Coughing, sneezing, or talking
- Touching your face with unwashed hands after touching contaminated surfaces or objects
- Touching surfaces or objects that may be frequently touched by other people
- Covering coughs and sneezes and washing hands are especially important for infection control measures in healthcare settings, such as emergency departments, doctor's offices, and clinics.

To help stop the spread of germs:

- Cover mouth and nose with a tissue when coughing or sneezing.
- Throw used tissues in the trash
- If a tissue is not available, cough or sneeze into the elbow, not in hands.
- Immediately wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, clean hands with a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% ethyl alcohol.

Identification and Evaluation of COVID-19 Hazards

We will implement the following in our workplace:

- Conduct workplace-specific evaluations using the Appendix A: Identification of COVID-19
 Hazards form.
- Evaluate employees' potential workplace exposures to all persons at, or who may enter, our workplace.
- Review applicable orders and general and industry-specific guidance from the State of California, Cal/OSHA, and the local health department related to COVID-19 hazards and prevention.
- Evaluate existing COVID-19 prevention controls in our workplace and the need for different or additional controls.
- Conduct periodic inspections using the Appendix B: COVID-19 Inspections form as needed to identify unhealthy conditions, work practices, and work procedures related to COVID-19 and to ensure compliance with our COVID-19 policies and procedures.

Employee participation

Employees and their authorized employees' representatives are encouraged to participate in the identification and evaluation of COVID-19 hazards by:

Reporting any concerns to the school office so they can be shared with the Site Principal and addressed.

Employee screening

We screen our employees by:

All employees will perform passive screening by checking for signs and symptoms of COVID-19 each morning before arriving at school/work using the **Appendix E: COVID-19 All Staff Daily Home Screening checklist.**

Correction of COVID-19 Hazards

Unsafe or unhealthy work conditions, practices or procedures will be documented on the **Appendix B**: **COVID-19 Inspections** form, and corrected in a timely manner based on the severity of the hazards considering:

- The severity of the hazard will be assessed and correction time frames assigned, accordingly.
- Individuals are identified as being responsible for timely correction.
- Follow-up measures to be taken to ensure timely correction.

Investigating and Responding to COVID-19 Cases

This will be accomplished by using the Appendix C: Investigating COVID-19 Cases form.

Employees who had potential COVID-19 exposure in our workplace will be:

- Offered COVID-19 testing at no cost during their working hours.
- The information on benefits described in Training and Instruction, and Exclusion of COVID-19
 Cases, below, will be provided to them.

System for Communicating

Our goal is to ensure that we have effective two-way communication with our employees, in a form they can readily understand, and that it includes the following information:

- Who employees should report COVID-19 symptoms and possible hazards to, and how [Describe how this will be accomplished in your workplace].
- That employees can report symptoms and hazards without fear of reprisal.
- Our procedures or policies for accommodating employees with medical or other conditions that put them at increased risk of severe COVID-19 illness.
- Where testing is not required, how employees can access COVID-19 testing [determine what
 options are available for employees to obtain voluntary testing, be it employer provided, available
 through health plans or local testing centers. The purpose is to give employees the tools to get
 tested when they have symptoms to reduce the likelihood of bringing the virus to work. This type of
 voluntary testing does not have to be provided by the employer].
- In the event we are required to provide testing because of a workplace exposure or outbreak, we will communicate the plan for providing testing and inform affected employees of the reason for the testing and the possible consequences of a positive test. [If you are required to provide testing because of an employee exposure, have a plan for how this will be accomplished at no cost to the employee during working hours, including when the testing is in response to CCR Title 8 section 3205.1, Multiple COVID-19 Infections and COVID-19 Outbreaks, as well as section 3205.2, Major COVID-19 Outbreaks. It is recommended that the plan be developed in advance for large or high-risk workplaces.]
- Information about COVID-19 hazards employees (including other employers and individuals in contact with our workplace) may be exposed to, what is being done to control those hazards, and our COVID-19 policies and procedures.
- [Describe other aspects of your system of COVID-19 related communication being implemented in your workplace].

EmployeeTraining and Instruction

Scott Valley Unified School District will provide effective training and instruction that includes:

- What is COVID-19 and how is it spread
- COVID-19 signs and symptoms, and the importance of obtaining a COVID-19 test and not coming to work if the employee has COVID-19 symptoms
- When to seek medical attention if not feeling well
- Prevention of the spread of COVID-19 if you are sick

- Reminders and methods to avoid touching eyes, nose and mouth
- · Coughing and sneezing etiquette
- Safely using cleansers and disinfectants
- Our COVID-19 policies and procedures to protect employees from COVID-19 hazards.
- Information regarding COVID-19-related benefits to which the employee may be entitled under applicable federal, state, or local laws.
- The fact that:
 - o COVID-19 is an infectious disease that can be spread through the air.
 - COVID-19 may be transmitted when a person touches a contaminated object and then touches their eyes, nose, or mouth.
 - An infectious person may have no symptoms.
- Methods of physical distancing of at least six feet and the importance of combining physical distancing with the wearing of face coverings.
- The fact that particles containing the virus can travel more than six feet, especially indoors, so
 physical distancing must be combined with other controls, including face coverings and hand
 hygiene, to be effective.
- The importance of frequent hand washing with soap and water for at least 20 seconds and using hand sanitizer when employees do not have immediate access to a sink or hand washing facility, and that hand sanitizer does not work if the hands are soiled.
- Proper use of face coverings and the fact that face coverings are not respiratory protective
 equipment face coverings are intended to primarily protect other individuals from the wearer of the
 face covering.

Appendix D: COVID-19 Training Roster will be used to document this training.

Exclusion of COVID-19 Cases- If an Employee is Sick

Where we have a COVID-19 case in our workplace, we will limit transmission by:

- Ensuring that COVID-19 cases are excluded from the workplace until our return-to-work requirements are met.
- Excluding employees with COVID-19 exposure from the workplace for 14 days after the last known COVID-19 exposure to a COVID-19 case.
- Continuing and maintaining an employee's earnings, seniority, and all other employee rights and benefits whenever we've demonstrated that the COVID-19 exposure is work related.
- Providing employees at the time of exclusion with information on available benefits including employer-provided employee sick leave benefits, payments from public sources or other means of maintaining earnings, rights and benefits, where permitted by law and when not covered by workers' compensation.

Employees will be asked to monitor their health each day, and are asked to notify their supervisor before their scheduled shift and prior to arriving at the site, if they have been exposed to someone with COVID-19 or you have a temperature of 100.4 or more, tiredness, chills, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, sore throat, loss of taste or smell, cough, or muscle pain.

If an employee is not feeling well and is exhibiting symptoms that may be attributed to COVID-19, such as acute respiratory symptoms or a fever, Scott Valley Unified School District will:

- Immediately send employees with acute respiratory illness symptoms home or to medical care as soon as possible
- Actively encourage sick employees to stay home.
- If an employee goes home because they are sick, follow the cleaning and disinfecting the building and facility guidelines to disinfect the area/room/office where the person worked, the tools and equipment they used prior to use by others.

 Employees who are well but who have a sick family member at home with COVID-19 should notify their supervisor and follow CDC-recommended precautions.

Compliance

This addendum will be reviewed regularly and according to federal, state and local requirements.
 These guidelines and written addendum are subject to change as information is received and the situation evolves.

Reporting, Recordkeeping, and Access

It is our policy to:

- Report information about COVID-19 cases at our workplace to the local health department whenever required by law, and provide any related information requested by the local health department.
- Report immediately to Cal/OSHA any COVID-19-related serious illnesses or death, as defined under CCR Title 8 section 330(h), of an employee occurring in our place of employment or in connection with any employment.
- Maintain records of the steps taken to implement our written COVID-19 Prevention Program in accordance with CCR Title 8 section 3203(b).
- Make our written COVID-19 Prevention Program available at the workplace to employees, authorized employee representatives, and to representatives of Cal/OSHA immediately upon request.
- Use the Appendix C: Investigating COVID-19 Cases form to keep a record of and track all COVID-19 cases. The information will be made available to employees, authorized employee representatives, or as otherwise required by law, with personal identifying information removed.

Return-to-Work Criteria

- COVID-19 cases with COVID-19 symptoms will not return to work until all the following have occurred (note: this may be different based on local county public health guidelines):
 - At least 24 hours have passed since a fever of 100.4 or higher has resolved without the use of fever-reducing medications.
 - COVID-19 symptoms have improved.
 - o At least 10 days have passed since COVID-19 symptoms first appeared.
- COVID-19 cases who tested positive but never developed COVID-19 symptoms will not return to work until a minimum of 10 days have passed since the date of specimen collection of their first positive COVID-19 test.
- A negative COVID-19 test will not be required for an employee to return to work.
- If an order to isolate or quarantine an employee is issued by a local or state health official, the employee will not return to work until the period of isolation or quarantine is completed or the order is lifted. If no period was specified, then the period will be 10 days from the time the order to isolate was effective, or 14 days from the time the order to quarantine was effective.

Prepared by:		

Micheline G Miglis, Superintendent

DATE: January 25, 2021

Appendix A: Identification of COVID-19 Hazards

Person conducting the evaluation:

All persons, regardless of symptoms or negative COVID-19 test results, will be considered potentially infectious. Particular attention will be paid to areas where people may congregate or come in contact with one another, regardless of whether employees are performing an assigned work task or not. For example: meetings, entrances, bathrooms, hallways, aisles, walkways, elevators, break or eating areas, cool-down areas, and waiting areas.

Evaluation of potential workplace exposure will be to all persons at the workplace or who may enter the workplace, including coworkers, employees of other entities, members of the public, customers or clients, and independent contractors. We will consider how employees and other persons enter, leave, and travel through the workplace, in addition to addressing fixed work locations.

Date:			
Name(s) of employee and authorized employee representative that participated: List name(s)			
nteraction, area, activity, work task, process, equipment and material hat potentially exposes employees to COVID-19 nazards	Places and times	Potential for COVID-19 exposures and employees affected, including members of the public and employees of other employers	Existing and/or additional COVID-19 prevention controls, including barriers, partitions and ventilation

Appendix B. COVID-19 Inspections	
Date:	
Name of person conducting the inspection:	
Work location evaluated:	

Exposure Controls	Status	Person Assigned to Correct	Date Corrected
Engineering			
Barriers/partitions			
Ventilation (amount of fresh air and filtration maximized)			
Additional room air filtration			
Administrative			
Physical distancing			
Surface cleaning and disinfection (frequently enough and adequate supplies)			
Hand washing facilities (adequate numbers and supplies)			
Disinfecting and hand sanitizing solutions being used according to manufacturer instructions			
PPE (not shared, available and being worn)			
Face coverings (cleaned sufficiently often)			
Gloves			
Face shields/goggles			
Respiratory protection			

Appendix C: Investigating COVID-19 Cases

All personal identifying information of COVID-19 cases or symptoms will be kept confidential. All COVID-19 testing or related medical services provided by us will be provided in a manner that ensures the confidentiality of employees, with the exception of unredacted information on COVID-19 cases that will be provided immediately upon request to the local health department, CDPH, Cal/OSHA, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), or as otherwise required by law.

All employees' medical records will also be kept confidential and not disclosed or reported without the employee's express written consent to any person within or outside the workplace, with the following exceptions: (1) Unredacted medical records provided to the local health department, CDPH, Cal/OSHA, NIOSH, or as otherwise required by law immediately upon request; and (2) Records that do not contain individually identifiable medical information or from which individually identifiable medical information has been removed.

Date:	
Name of person conducting the investigation:	

Employee (or non- employee*) name:	Occupation (if non- employee, why they were in the workplace):	
Location where employee worked (or non-employee was present in the workplace):	Date investigation was initiated:	
Was COVID-19 test offered?	Name(s) of staff involved in the investigation:	
Date and time the COVID-19 case was last present in the workplace:	Date of the positive or negative test and/or diagnosis:	
Date the case first had one or more COVID-19 symptoms:	Information received regarding COVID-19 test results and onset of symptoms (attach documentation):	

Results of the evaluation of the COVID-19 case and all locations at the workplace that may have been visited by the COVID-19 case during the high-risk exposure period, and who may have been exposed (attach additional information):

	business day, in a way that on the business day, in a way that on the potential CO		onal identifying
	Date:		
All employees who may have had COVID- 19 exposure and their authorized representatives.	Names of employees that were notified:		
	Date:		
Independent contractors and other employers present at the workplace during the high-risk exposure period.	Names of individuals that were notified:		
What were the workplace conditions that could have contributed to the risk of COVID-19 exposure?		What could be done to reduce exposure to COVID-19?	
Was local health department notified?		Date:	

^{*}Should an employer be made aware of a non-employee infection source COVID-19 status.

Employee Name	Signature

Appendix D: COVID-19 Training Roster

COVID-19

All Staff Daily Home Screening

All staff: Check for signs and symptoms each morning before you arrive for school/work.

Section 1: Symptoms

These symptoms indicate a possible illness that may put you at risk for spreading illness to others. Please check for these symptoms:



	Temperature 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or higher
	Sore throat
	New uncontrolled cough that causes difficulty breathing
	Diarrhea, vomiting, or abdominal pain
	New onset of severe headache, especially with fever
Section 2:	Close Contact/Potential Exposure
	Had close contact (within 6 feet of an infected person for at least 15 minutes) with a person confirmed COVID-19

Any student or school staff member with a temperature of 100.4 °F or greater, regardless of other symptoms will be excluded from the school site until they either present proof of a negative COVID 19 test, or 10 days have passed since the fever or other symptoms began, and at least 3 days have passed without a fever (without the use of fever reducing medications) and respiratory symptoms (coughing, shortness of breath) have resolved. Notify your supervisor and stay home.

For more information: cdc.gov/coronavirus Center for Disease Control and Prevention

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Employee Safety

BP 4157

Personnel

The Governing Board is committed to maximizing employee safety and believes that workplace safety is the responsibility of every employee. Working conditions and equipment shall comply with standards prescribed by federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan)

No employee shall be required or permitted to be in any place of employment which is unsafe or unhealthful. (Labor Code 6402)

The Superintendent or designee shall promote safety and correct any unsafe work practices through education and enforcement.

All employees are expected to use safe work practices and, to the extent possible, correct any unsafe conditions which may occur. If an employee is unable to correct an unsafe condition, the employee shall immediately report the problem to the Superintendent or designee.

(cf. 4118 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

(cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

The Superintendent or designee shall establish and implement a written injury and illness prevention program, and provide employees with access to such program, in accordance with law. (Labor Code 6401.7; 8 CCR 3203)

(cf. 3514 - Environmental Safety)

(cf. 3514.1 - Hazardous Substances)

(cf. 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan)

(cf. 4119.41/4219.41/4319.41 - Employees with Infectious Disease)

(cf. 4119.42/4219.42/4319.42 - Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens)

(cf. 4119.43/4219.43/4319.43 - Universal Precautions)

(cf. 4157.2/4257.2/4357.2 - Ergonomics)

(cf. 4158/4258/4358 - Employee Security)

The Superintendent or designee shall make first aid materials readily available at district workplaces and shall make effective provisions to prepare for prompt medical treatment in the event of an employee's serious injury or illness. (8 CCR 3400)

No employee shall be discharged or discriminated against for exercising any right regarding employee safety or health specified in Labor Code 6310, including:

- 1. Making a report or complaint
- 2. Instituting proceedings or causing proceedings to be instituted

- 3. Testifying with regard to employee safety or health
- 4. Participating in any occupational health and safety committee established pursuant to Labor Code 6401.7
- 5. Requesting access to injury or illness reports and records
- 6. Exercising any other right protected by the Occupational Safety and Health Act

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

32030-32034 Eye safety

32225-32226 Communications devices in classrooms

32280-32289.5 School safety plans

44984 Required rules for industrial accident and illness leave of absence

GOVERNMENT CODE

3543.2 Scope of bargaining

LABOR CODE

132a Workers' compensation; nondiscrimination

3300 Definition of employer

6305 Occupational safety and health standards; special order

6310 Retaliation for filing complaint prohibited

6400-6413.5 Responsibilities and duties of employers and employees, especially:

6401.7 Injury and illness prevention program

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8

3203 Injury and illness prevention program

3204 Access to employee exposure and medical records

3400 Medical services and first aid

5095-5100 Control of noise exposure

5193 Bloodborne pathogens

14000-14316 Occupational injury or illness reports and records

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 17

2508 Reporting of communicable diseases

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 29

651-678 Occupational safety and health

1910.95 Occupational noise exposure

1910.1030 Bloodborne pathogens

Management Resources:

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS PUBLICATIONS

Guide to Developing Your Workplace Injury and Illness Prevention Program, rev. August 2011 WEB SITES

California Department of Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health:

http://www.dir.ca.gov/occupational safety.html

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: http://www.cdc.gov

National Hearing Conservation Association: http://www.hearingconservation.org

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health: http://www.cdc.gov/niosh

U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration: http://www.osha.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

adopted: December 9, 2020 Fort Jones, California

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Environmental Safety

BP 3514

Business and Noninstructional Operations

The Governing Board recognizes its obligation to provide a safe and healthy environment at school facilities for students, staff, and community members. The Superintendent or designee shall regularly assess school facilities to identify environmental health risks and shall develop strategies to prevent and/or mitigate environmental hazards. He/she shall consider the proven effectiveness of various options, anticipated short-term and long-term costs and/or savings to the district, and the potential impact on staff and students, including the impact on student achievement and attendance.

```
(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)
(cf. 0400 - Comprehensive Plans)
(cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)
(cf. 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan)
(cf. 3516.3 - Earthquake Emergency Procedure System)
(cf. 3517 - Facilities Inspection)
(cf. 4157/4257/4357 - Employee Safety)
(cf. 5142 - Safety)
(cf. 7111 - Evaluating Existing Buildings)
```

Such strategies shall focus on maximizing healthy indoor air quality; monitoring the quality of outdoor air and adjusting outdoor activities as necessary; reducing exposure to vehicle emissions; minimizing exposure to lead and mercury; reducing the risk of unsafe drinking water; inspecting and properly abating asbestos; appropriately storing, using, and disposing of potentially hazardous substances; using effective least toxic pest management practices; reducing the risk of foodborne illness; and addressing any other environmental hazards identified during facilities inspections.

```
(cf. 3510 - Green School Operations)
(cf. 3513.3 - Tobacco-Free Schools)
(cf. 3514.1 - Hazardous Substances)
(cf. 3514.2 - Integrated Pest Management)
(cf. 3516.5 - Emergency Schedules)
(cf. 3540 - Transportation)
(cf. 3541.1 - Transportation for School-Related Trips)
(cf. 3542 - School Bus Drivers)
(cf. 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program)
(cf. 5141.23 - Asthma Management)
(cf. 5141.7 - Sun Safety)
```

```
(cf. 5142.2 - Safe Routes to School Program)
(cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity)
(cf. 6163.2 - Animals at School)
(cf. 7150 - Site Selection and Development)
```

In developing strategies to promote healthy school environments, the Superintendent or designee may consult and collaborate with local environmental protection agencies, health agencies, water boards, and other community organizations.

```
(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)
```

The Superintendent or designee shall provide the district's maintenance and facilities staff, bus drivers, food services staff, teachers, and other staff as appropriate with professional development regarding their responsibilities in implementing strategies to improve and maintain environmentally safe and healthy schools.

```
(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)
```

The Superintendent or designee shall notify the Board, staff, parents/guardians, students, and/or governmental agencies, as appropriate, if an environmental hazard is discovered at a school site. The notification shall provide information about the district's actions to remedy the hazard and may recommend health screening of staff and students.

(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

```
Legal Reference:
```

EDUCATION CODE

17002 Definition of "good repair"

17070.75 Facilities inspection

17582 Deferred maintenance fund

17590 Asbestos abatement fund

17608-17614 Healthy Schools Act of 2000, least toxic pest management practices

32080-32081 Carbon monoxide devices

32240-32245 Lead-Safe Schools Protection Act

48980.3 Notification of pesticides

49410-49410.7 Asbestos materials containment or removal

FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL CODE

11401-12408 Pest control operations and agricultural chemicals

13180-13188 Healthy Schools Act of 2000, least toxic pest management practices

GOVERNMENT CODE

3543.2 Scope of representation; right to negotiate safety conditions

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

105400-105430 Indoor environmental quality

113700-114437 California Retail Food Code, sanitation and safety requirements

116277 Lead testing of potable water at schools and requirements to remedy

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

14010 Standards for school site selection

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8

337-339 Hazardous substances list

340-340.2 Occupational safety and health, rights of employees

1528-1537 Construction safety orders; exposure to hazards

5139-5223 Control of hazardous substances

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 13

2025 Retrofitting of diesel school buses

2480 Vehicle idling

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 17

35001-36100 Lead abatement services

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 22

64670-64679 Lead and copper in drinking water

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 24

915.1-915.7 California Building Standards Code; carbon monoxide devices

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 7

136-136y Use of pesticides

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 15

2601-2629 Control of toxic substances

2641-2656 Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

1758 Food safety and inspections

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 40

141.1-141.723 Drinking water standards

745.61-745.339 Lead-based paint standards

763.80-763.99 Asbestos-containing materials in schools

763.120-763.123 Asbestos worker protections

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Indoor Air Quality: Governing Board Actions for Creating Healthy School Environments,

Policy Brief, July 2008

Asthma Management in the Schools, Policy Brief, March 2008

Food Safety Requirements, Fact Sheet, October 2007

Sun Safety in Schools, Policy Brief, July 2006

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

School Site Selection and Approval Guide, 2000

Indoor Air Quality, A Guide for Educators, 1995

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES PUBLICATIONS

Report to the Legislature: Lead Hazards in California's Public Elementary Schools and Child

Care Facilities, April 1998

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY: AIR RESOURCES BOARD

PUBLICATIONS

Facts about Truck and Bus Regulation School Bus Provisions, rev. March 22, 2011 CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD PUBLICATIONS Frequently Asked Questions about Lead Testing of Drinking Water in California Schools; Updated for Assembly Bill 746/Health and Safety Code 116277, December 15, 2017 DIVISION OF THE STATE ARCHITECT PUBLICATIONS

K-12 Occupancy Classification and Load Factors, IR A-26, rev. April 18, 2012 U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY PUBLICATIONS

A Citizen's Guide to Radon: The Guide to Protecting Yourself and Your Family from Radon, 2016

Healthy School Environments Assessment Tool, rev. 2015

Indoor Air Quality Tools for Schools, rev. 2009

Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings, September 2008

The ABCs of Asbestos in Schools, rev. August 2003

How to Manage Asbestos in School Buildings: AHERA Designated Person's Self-Study Guide, 1996

WEB SITES

CSBA: http://www.csba.org AirNow: http://www.airnow.gov

American Association of School Administrators: http://www.aasa.org

California Air Resources Board: http://www.arb.ca.gov

California Building Standards: http://www.bsc.ca.gov/codes.aspx

California Department of Education, Health and Safety: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/fa/hs

California Department of Pesticide Regulation: http://www.cdpr.ca.gov

California Department of Public Health: http://www.cdph.ca.gov

California State Water Resources Control Board: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: http://www.cdc.gov Consumer Product Safety Commission: http://www.cpsc.gov

National Center for Environmental Health: http://www.cdc.gov/nceh Occupational Safety and Health Administration: http://www.osha.gov

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: http://www.epa.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT adopted: August 15, 2018 Fort Jones, California

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Exposure Control Plan For Bloodborne Pathogens

BP 4119.42 Personnel

As part of its commitment to provide a safe and healthy work environment, the Governing Board recognizes the importance of protecting employees from possible infection due to contact with bloodborne pathogens, including, but not limited to, hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The Superintendent or designee shall establish a written exposure control plan in accordance with state and federal standards for dealing with potentially infectious materials in the workplace.

(cf. 4119.43/4219.43/4319.43 - Universal Precautions) (cf. 5141.21 - Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions) (cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

The exposure control plan shall be consistent with the district's injury and illness prevention program established pursuant to Labor Code 6401.7 and 8 CCR 3203. (8 CCR 5193)

(cf. 4157/4257/4357 - Employee Safety)

The Superintendent or designee shall determine which employees have occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens and other potentially infectious materials. In accordance with the district's exposure control plan, employees having occupational exposure shall receive training and be offered the hepatitis B vaccination. (8 CCR 5193; 29 CFR 1910.1030)

Any employee not identified by the Superintendent or designee as having occupational exposure may submit a request to the Superintendent or designee to be included in the training and hepatitis B vaccination program. The Superintendent or designee may deny a request when there is no reasonable anticipation of contact with any infectious material.

In the event that an employee has an exposure incident, the district shall implement follow-up procedures in accordance with the exposure control plan. All such incidents shall be evaluated to determine whether changes need to be made in district practices.

Legal Reference:
GOVERNMENT CODE
3543.2 Scope of bargaining
LABOR CODE
142.3 Authority of Cal/OSHA to adopt standards

144.7 Requirement to amend standards

6401.7 Injury and illness prevention program

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8

3203 Injury and illness prevention program

3204 Access to employee exposure and medical records

5193 California bloodborne pathogens standards

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 29

1910.1030 OSHA bloodborne pathogens standards

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS PUBLICATIONS

Frequently Asked Questions About the Bloodborne Pathogens Standard

A Best Practices Approach for Reducing Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure, 2001

Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens, 2001

WEB SITES

California Department of Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health:

http://www.dir.ca.gov/occupational safety.html

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: http://www.cdc.gov

U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration:

http://www.osha.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

adopted: August 19, 2020 Fort Jones, California

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Universal Precautions

BP 4119.43 **Personnel**

In order to protect all employees from contact with potentially infectious blood or other body fluids, the Governing Board requires that universal precautions be observed throughout the district. Universal precautions are appropriate for preventing the spread of all infectious diseases and shall be used regardless of whether bloodborne pathogens are known to be present.

(cf. 4157/4257/4357 - Employee Safety)

(cf. 5141 - Health Care and Emergencies)

(cf. 5141.22 - Infectious Diseases)

(cf. 5141.24 - Specialized Health Care Services)

(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

(cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

The Superintendent or designee shall distribute to employees information provided by the California Department of Education (CDE) regarding acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), AIDS-related conditions, and hepatitis B. This information shall include, but not be limited to, any appropriate methods employees may use to prevent exposure to AIDS and hepatitis B, including information concerning the availability of a vaccine to prevent contraction of hepatitis B, and that the cost of this vaccination may be covered by the health plan of the employees. Information shall be distributed annually, or more frequently if there is new information supplied by CDE. (Health and Safety Code 120875, 120880)

(cf. 4112.9/4212.9/4312.9 - Employee Notifications)

Information regarding universal precautions may be included in employee handbooks.

Employees shall immediately report any exposure incident or first aid incident in accordance with the district's exposure control plan for bloodborne pathogens or other safety procedures.

(cf. 4119.42/4219.42/4319.42 - Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens)

Legal Reference:
GOVERNMENT CODE
3543.2 Scope of bargaining
HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE
117600-118360 Handling and disposal of regulated waste

120875 Providing information to school districts on AIDS, AIDS-related conditions and

Hepatitis B

120880 Information to employees of school district

LABOR CODE

6401.7 Injury and illness prevention program

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8

3203 Injury and illness prevention program

5193 California bloodborne pathogens standard

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 29

1910.1030 OSHA bloodborne pathogens standards

Management Resources:

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION PUBLICATIONS

Hepatitis B Questions and Answers for the Public

WEB SITES

American Federation of Teachers: https://www.aft.org

California Department of Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health:

http://www.dir.ca.gov/occupational safety.html

California Department of Public Health: https://www.cdph.ca.gov

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: http://www.cdc.gov

U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration:

http://www.osha.gov

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

adopted: August 19, 2020 Fort Jones, California

Scott Valley USD

Administrative Regulation

Integrated Pest Management

AR 3514.2

Business and Noninstructional Operations

Definitions

Integrated pest management (IPM) means a strategy that focuses on long-term prevention or suppression of pest problems through a combination of techniques such as monitoring for pest presence and establishing treatment threshold levels, using nonchemical practices to make the habitat less conducive to pest development, improving sanitation, and employing mechanical and physical controls. (Education Code 17609; Food and Agricultural Code 13181)

(cf. 3510 - Green School Operations)

School site means any facility used as a child day care facility or for kindergarten, elementary, or secondary school purposes and includes the buildings or structures, playgrounds, athletic fields, vehicles, or any other area of property visited or used by students. (Education Code 17609)

Program Components

The Superintendent or designee shall designate an employee at the district office and/or school site to develop, implement, and coordinate an IPM strategy that incorporates effective, least toxic pest management practices.

The IPM coordinator shall prepare and annually update a districtwide or school site IPM plan based on the template provided by the California Department of Pesticide Regulation (DPR).

The IPM plan shall include the name of the district and/or school IPM coordinator, the pesticides expected to be applied at the school site by district employees and/or pest control applicators, and a date that the plan shall be reviewed and, if necessary, updated. (Education Code 17611.5)

The district shall use pesticides that pose the least possible hazard and are effective in a manner that minimizes risks to people, property, and the environment. Such pesticides shall only be used after careful monitoring indicates they are needed according to pre-established guidelines and treatment thresholds. (Food and Agricultural Code 13181)

The IPM plan and this administrative regulation shall not apply to reduced-risk pesticides, including self-contained baits or traps, gels or pastes used for crack and crevice treatments, antimicrobials, and pesticides exempt from registration by law. (Education Code 17610.5; 3 CCR 6147)

The district's program shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following components:

- 1. Identifying and monitoring pest population levels and identifying practices that could affect pest populations. Strategies for managing the pest shall be influenced by the pest species and whether that species poses a threat to people, property, or the environment.
- 2. Setting action threshold levels to determine when pest populations or vegetation at a specific location might cause unacceptable health or economic hazards that would indicate corrective action should be taken.
- 3. Modifying or eliminating pest habitats to deter pest populations and minimize pest infestations.
- 4. Considering a full range of possible alternative cost-effective treatments. Such alternative treatments may include taking no action or controlling the pest by physical, horticultural, or biological methods. Cost or staffing considerations alone will not be adequate justification for the use of chemical control agents.
- 5. Selecting nonchemical pest management methods over chemical methods whenever such methods are effective in providing the desired control or, when it is determined that chemical methods must be used, giving preference to those chemicals that pose the least hazardous effects to people and the environment.

No pesticide that is prohibited by DPR or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, as listed on the DPR web site, shall be used at a school site. (Education Code 17610.1)

6. Limiting pesticide purchases to amounts needed for the year. Pesticides shall be stored at a secure location that is not accessible to students and unauthorized staff. They shall be stored and disposed of in accordance with state regulations and product label directions.

```
(cf. 3514 - Environmental Safety)
(cf. 3514.1 - Hazardous Substances)
```

- 7. Informing parents/guardians and employees regarding pesticide use as described in the sections "Notifications" and "Warning Signs" below.
- 8. Ensuring that persons applying pesticides follow label precautions and are sufficiently trained in the principles and practices of IPM as described in the section "Training" below.
- 9. Evaluating the effectiveness of treatments to determine if revisions to the IPM plan are needed.

Training

The IPM coordinator and any employee or contractor who may be designated to apply a pesticide at a school site shall annually complete a DPR-approved training course on IPM and

the safe use of pesticides in relation to the unique nature of school sites and children's health. (Education Code 17614; Food and Agricultural Code 13186.5)

(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)

Any district employee who handles pesticides shall also receive pesticide-specific safety training prior to applying pesticides and annually thereafter in accordance with 3 CCR 6724.

Notifications

Staff and parents/guardians of students enrolled at a school site shall be annually notified, in writing, regarding pesticide products expected to be applied at the school site in the upcoming year. The notification shall include at least the following: (Education Code 17612)

- 1. The name of each pesticide product expected to be applied in the upcoming year and the active ingredient(s) in it
- 2. The Internet address (http://www.cdpr.ca.gov/schoolipm) used to access information on pesticides and pesticide use reduction developed by the DPR pursuant to Food and Agricultural Code 13184
- 3. If the school has posted its IPM plan, the Internet address where the plan may be found
- 4. The opportunity to view a copy of the IPM plan in the school office
- 5. An opportunity for interested persons to register to receive prior notification of each application of a pesticide at the school site
- 6. Other information deemed necessary by the IPM coordinator

(cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

(cf. 3517 - Facilities Inspection)

(cf. 4112.9/4212.9/4312.9 - Employee Notifications)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Whenever a person registers to receive notice of individual pesticide application pursuant to item #5 above, the IPM coordinator shall notify such registered persons of individual pesticide applications at least 72 hours prior to the application. The notice shall include the product name, the active ingredient(s) in the product, and the intended date of application. (Education Code 17612)

If a pesticide product not included in the annual notification is subsequently intended for use at a school site, the IPM coordinator shall provide written notification of its intended use to staff and parents/guardians of students enrolled at the school, at least 72 hours prior to the application. (Education Code 17612)

If a school chooses to use a pesticide not exempted pursuant to Education Code 17610.5, it shall post the school or district IPM plan on the school's web site or, if the school does not have a web site, then on the district web site. If neither the school nor district has a web site, then the IPM plan shall be included with the annual notification sent to staff and parents/guardians pursuant to Education Code 17612 as described above. When not required, the IPM coordinator may post or distribute the IPM plan at his/her discretion. (Education Code 17611.5)

Whenever the IPM coordinator deems that the immediate use of a pesticide is necessary to protect the health and safety of students, staff, or other persons at the school site, he/she shall make every effort to provide the required notifications prior to the application of the pesticide. (Education Code 17612)

Warning Signs

The IPM coordinator shall post a warning sign at each area of the school site where pesticides will be applied that shall be visible to all persons entering the treated area. The sign shall be posted at least 24 hours prior to the application and shall remain posted until 72 hours after the application. The warning sign shall prominently display the following information: (Education Code 17612)

- 1. The term "Warning/Pesticide Treated Area"
- 2. The product name, manufacturer's name, and the EPA's product registration number
- 3. Intended areas and dates of application
- 4. Reason for the pesticide application

When advance posting is not possible due to an emergency condition requiring immediate use of a pesticide to protect the health and safety of students, staff, or other persons or the school site, the warning sign shall be posted immediately upon application and shall remain posted until 72 hours after the application. (Education Code 17609, 17612)

Records

At the end of each calendar year, the IPM coordinator shall submit to DPR, on a form provided by DPR, a copy of the records of all pesticide use at the school site for that year, excluding any pesticides exempted by law and any pesticide use reported by the pest control operator pursuant to Food and Agricultural Code 13186. The IPM coordinator may submit more frequent reports at his/her discretion. (Education Code 17611)

Each school site shall maintain records of all pesticide use at the school for four years, and shall make the information available to the public, upon request, in accordance with the California Public Records Act. A school may meet this requirement by retaining a copy of the warning sign posted for each pesticide application with a recording on that copy of the amount of the pesticide used. (Education Code 17611)

(cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

(cf. 3580 - District Records)

Pesticide Use near School Site

Upon receiving notification pursuant to 3 CCR 6692 that a grower expects to use agricultural pesticides within one-quarter mile of a school site Monday through Friday from 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., the principal or designee shall notify the Superintendent or designee, IPM coordinator, staff at the school site, and parents/guardians of students enrolled at the school.

The principal or designee may communicate with any grower within one-quarter mile of the school to request that the grower not apply pesticides during evenings or weekends when school activities are scheduled.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

17366 Legislative intent (fitness of buildings for occupancy)

17608-17614 Healthy Schools Act of 2000

48980 Notice at beginning of term

48980.3 Notification of pesticides

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE

8593.2 Licensed pest control operators; training requirements

FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL CODE

11401-12408 Pest control operations and agricultural chemicals

13180-13188 Healthy Schools Act of 2000

GOVERNMENT CODE

3543.2 Scope of representation; right to negotiate safety conditions

6250-6270 California Public Records Act

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 3

6147 Pesticides exempted from registration requirements

6690-6692 Pesticide use near school sites

6724 Training of employees handling pesticides

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8

340-340.2 Employer's obligation to provide safety information

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 7

136-136y Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodentcide Act

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PESTICIDE REGULATION PUBLICATIONS

California School IPM Model Program Guidebook

Healthy Schools Act Requirements for Public K-12 Schools

School District Integrated Pest Management Plan Template

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Pest Control in the School Environment: Implementing Integrated Pest Management (IPM),

May 2017 WEB SITES

California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

California Department of Pesticide Regulation, School IPM: http://www.cdpr.ca.gov/schoolipm

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Integrated Pest Management at Schools:

https://www.epa.gov/managing-pests-schools

Regulation SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

approved: May 16, 2018 Fort Jones. California

Scott Valley USD

Board Policy

Sexual Harassment

BP 4119.11 Personnel

The following policy shall apply to all district employees, interns, volunteers, contractors, job applicants, and other persons with an employment relationship with the district.

The Governing Board is committed to providing a safe work environment that is free of harassment and intimidation. The Board prohibits sexual harassment against district employees and retaliatory behavior or action against any person who complains, testifies, or otherwise participates in the complaint process established for the purpose of this policy.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities) (cf. 4030 - Nondiscrimination in Employment)

Sexual harassment includes, but is not limited to, harassment that is based on the sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation of the victim and harassment based on pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions.

The Superintendent or designee shall take all actions necessary to ensure the prevention, investigation, and correction of sexual harassment, including but not limited to:

- 1. Providing training to employees in accordance with law and administrative regulation
- 2. Publicizing and disseminating the district's sexual harassment policy to employees and others to whom the policy may apply
- 3. Ensuring prompt, thorough, fair, and equitable investigation of complaints
- 4. Taking timely and appropriate corrective/remedial action(s), which may require interim separation of the complainant and the alleged harasser and subsequent monitoring of developments

The Superintendent or designee shall periodically evaluate the effectiveness of the district's strategies to prevent and address harassment. Such evaluation may involve conducting regular anonymous employee surveys to assess whether harassment is occurring or is perceived to be tolerated, partnering with researchers or other agencies with the needed expertise to evaluate the district's prevention strategies, and using any other effective tool for receiving feedback on systems and/or processes. As necessary, changes shall be made to the harassment policy, complaint procedures, or training.

Sexual Harassment Reports and Complaints

District employees who feel that they have been sexually harassed in the performance of their district responsibilities or who have knowledge of any incident of sexual harassment by or against another employee shall immediately report the incident to their direct supervisor, a district administrator, or the district's Title IX Coordinator. Employees may bypass their supervisor in filing a complaint if the supervisor is the subject of the complaint. A supervisor or administrator who receives a harassment complaint shall promptly notify the Title IX Coordinator.

Once notified, the Title IX Coordinator shall ensure the complaint or allegation is addressed through AR 4119.12/4219.12/4319.12 - Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures or AR 4030 - Nondiscrimination in Employment, as applicable. Because a complaint or allegation that is dismissed or denied under the Title IX complaint procedure may still be subject to consideration under state law, the Title IX Coordinator shall ensure that any implementation of AR 4119.12/4219.12/4319.12 concurrently meets the requirements of AR 4030.

(cf. 4119.12/4219.12/4319.12 - Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaints)

The Title IX Coordinator shall offer supportive measures to the complainant and respondent, as deemed appropriate under the circumstances.

Upon investigation of a sexual harassment complaint, any district employee found to have engaged or participated in sexual harassment or to have aided, abetted, incited, compelled, or coerced another to commit sexual harassment in violation of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal, in accordance with law and the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

(cf. 4117.7/4317.7 - Employment Status Reports) (cf. 4118 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action) (cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination on the basis of sex
GOVERNMENT CODE
12900-12996 Fair Employment and Housing Act, especially:
12940 Prohibited discrimination
12950 Sexual harassment; distribution of information
12950.1 Sexual harassment training
LABOR CODE
1101 Political activities of employees
1102.1 Discrimination: sexual orientation
CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2

11009 Employment discrimination

11021 Retaliation

11023 Harassment and discrimination prevention and correction

11024 Sexual harassment training and education

11034 Terms, conditions, and privileges of employment

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1681-1688 Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

2000e-2000e-17 Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34

106.1-106.9 Nondiscrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities

106.51-106.82 Nondiscrimination on the basis of sex in employment in education programs or activities

COURT DECISIONS

Department of Health Services v. Superior Court of California, (2003) 31 Cal.4th 1026

Faragher v. City of Boca Raton, (1998) 118 S.Ct. 2275

Burlington Industries v. Ellreth, (1998) 118 S.Ct. 2257

Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District, (1998) 118 S.Ct. 1989

Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Serv. Inc., (1998) 118 S.Ct. 998

Meritor Savings Bank, FSB v. Vinson et al., (1986) 447 U.S. 57

Management Resources:

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION PUBLICATIONS

Promising Practices for Preventing Harassment, November 2017

WEB SITES

California Department of Fair Employment and Housing: http://www.dfeh.ca.gov

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission: http://www.eeoc.gov

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights:

http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html

Policy SCOTT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

adopted: December 9, 2020 Fort Jones, California

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

FACT SHEET



Sexual harassment is a form of discrimination based on sex/gender (including pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions), gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation. Individuals of any gender can be the target of sexual harassment. Unlawful sexual harassment does not have to be motivated by sexual desire. Sexual harassment may involve harassment of a person of the same gender as the harasser, regardless of either person's sexual orientation or gender identity.

THERE ARE TWO TYPES OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

- **1. "Quid pro quo"** (Latin for "this for that") sexual harassment is when someone conditions a job, promotion, or other work benefit on your submission to sexual advances or other conduct based on sex.
- 2. "Hostile work environment" sexual harassment occurs when unwelcome comments or conduct based on sex unreasonably interferes with your work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment. You may experience sexual harassment even if the offensive conduct was not aimed directly at you.

The harassment must be severe or pervasive to be unlawful. A single act of harassment may be sufficiently severe to be unlawful.

SEXUAL HARASSMENT INCLUDES MANY FORMS OF OFFENSIVE BEHAVIORS

BEHAVIORS THAT MAY BE SEXUAL HARASSMENT:

- 1. Unwanted sexual advances
- Offering employment benefits in exchange for sexual favors
- 3. Leering; gestures; or displaying sexually suggestive objects, pictures, cartoons, or posters
- 4. Derogatory comments, epithets, slurs, or jokes
- 5. Graphic comments, sexually degrading words, or suggestive or obscene messages or invitations
- Physical touching or assault, as well as impeding or blocking movements

Actual or threatened retaliation for rejecting advances or complaining about harassment is also unlawful.

Employees or job applicants who believe that they have been sexually harassed or retaliated against may file a complaint of discrimination with DFEH within three years of the last act of harassment or retaliation.

DFEH serves as a neutral fact-finder and attempts to help the parties voluntarily resolve disputes. If DFEH finds sufficient evidence to establish that discrimination occurred and settlement efforts fail, the Department may file a civil complaint in state or federal court to address the causes of the discrimination and on behalf of the complaining party. DFEH may seek court orders changing the employer's policies and practices, punitive damages, and attorney's fees and costs if it prevails in litigation. Employees can also pursue the matter through a private lawsuit in civil court after a complaint has been filed with DFEH and a Right-to-Sue Notice has been issued.

EMPLOYER RESPONSIBILITY & LIABILITY

All employers, regardless of the number of employees, are covered by the harassment provisions of California law. Employers are liable for harassment by their supervisors or agents. All harassers, including both supervisory and non-supervisory personnel, may be held personally liable for harassment or for aiding and abetting harassment. The law requires employers to take reasonable steps to prevent harassment. If an employer fails to take such steps, that employer can be held liable for the harassment. In addition, an employer may be liable for the harassment by a non-employee (for example, a client or customer) of an employee, applicant, or person providing services for the employer. An employer will only be liable for this form of harassment if it knew or should have known of the harassment, and failed to take immediate and appropriate corrective action.

Employers have an affirmative duty to take reasonable steps to prevent and promptly correct discriminatory and harassing conduct, and to create a workplace free of harassment.

A program to eliminate sexual harassment from the workplace is not only required by law, but it is the most practical way for an employer to avoid or limit liability if harassment occurs.

SEXUAL HARASSMENT





CIVIL REMEDIES

- Damages for emotional distress from each employer or person in violation of the law
- Hiring or reinstatement
- Back pay or promotion
- Changes in the policies or practices of the employer

ALL EMPLOYERS MUST TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TO PREVENT HARASSMENT AND CORRECT IT WHEN IT OCCURS:

- **1.** Distribute copies of this brochure or an alternative writing that complies with Government Code 12950. This pamphlet may be duplicated in any quantity.
- 2. Post a copy of the Department's employment poster entitled "California Law Prohibits Workplace Discrimination and Harassment."
- **3.** Develop a harassment, discrimination, and retaliation prevention policy in accordance with 2 CCR 11023. The policy must:
- · Be in writing.
- List all protected groups under the FEHA.
- Indicate that the law prohibits coworkers and third parties, as well as supervisors and managers with whom the employee comes into contact, from engaging in prohibited harassment.
- Create a complaint process that ensures confidentiality to the extent possible; a timely response; an impartial and timely investigation by qualified personnel; documentation and tracking for reason able progress; appropriate options for remedial actions and resolutions; and timely closures.
- Provide a complaint mechanism that does not require an employee to complain directly to their immediate supervisor. That complaint mechanism must include, but is not limited to including: provisions for direct communication, either orally or in writing, with a designated company representative; and/or a complaint hotline; and/or access to an ombudsperson; and/or identification of DFEH and the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission as additional avenues for employees to lodge complaints.
- Instruct supervisors to report any complaints of misconduct to a designated company representative, such as a human resources manager, so that the company can try to resolve the claim internally.
 Employers with 50 or more employees are required to

- include this as a topic in mandated sexual harassment prevention training (see 2 CCR 11024).
- Indicate that when the employer receives allegations of misconduct, it will conduct a fair, timely, and thorough investigation that provides all parties appropriate due process and reaches reasonable conclusions based on the evidence collected.
- Make clear that employees shall not be retaliated against as a result of making a complaint or participating in an investigation.
- **4.** Distribute its harassment, discrimination, and retaliation prevention policy by doing one or more of the following:
- Printing the policy and providing a copy to employees with an acknowledgement form for employees to sign and return.
- Sending the policy via email with an acknowledgment return form.
- Posting the current version of the policy on a company intranet with a tracking system to ensure all employees have read and acknowledged receipt of the policy.
- Discussing policies upon hire and/or during a new hire orientation session.
- Using any other method that ensures employees received and understand the policy.
- **5.** If the employer's workforce at any facility or establishment contains ten percent or more of persons who speak a language other than English as their spoken language, that employer shall translate the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation policy into every language spoken by at least ten percent of the workforce.
- **6.** In addition, employers who do business in California and employ 5 or more part-time or full-time employees must provide at least one hour of training regarding the prevention of sexual harassment, including harassment based on gender identity, gender expression, and sexual orientation, to each non-supervisory employee; and two hours of such training to each supervisory employee. Training must be provided within six months of assumption of employment. Employees must be trained during calendar year 2020, and, after January 1, 2021, training must be provided again every two years. Please see Gov. Code 12950.1 and 2 CCR 11024 for further information.

TO FILE A COMPLAINT

Department of Fair Employment and Housing

dfeh.ca.gov

Toll Free: 800.884.1684 TTY: 800.700.2320

DFEH-185-ENG / April 2020

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

LEAVE ENTITLEMENTS

Eligible employees who work for a covered employer can take up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a 12-month period for the following reasons:

- The birth of a child or placement of a child for adoption or foster care;
- To bond with a child (leave must be taken within 1 year of the child's birth or placement):
- To care for the employee's spouse, child, or parent who has a qualifying serious health condition;
- For the employee's own qualifying serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job;
- For qualifying exigencies related to the foreign deployment of a military member who is the employee's spouse, child, or parent,

An eligible employee who is a covered servicemember's spouse, child, parent, or next of kin may also take up to 26 weeks of FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for the servicemember with a serious injury or illness.

An employee does not need to use leave in one block. When it is medically necessary or otherwise permitted, employees may take leave intermittently or on a reduced schedule.

Employees may choose, or an employer may require, use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. If an employee substitutes accrued paid leave for FMLA leave, the employee must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

While employees are on FMLA leave, employers must continue health insurance coverage as if the employees were not on leave.

Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to the same job or one nearly identical to it with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms and conditions.

An employer may not interfere with an individual's FMLA rights or retailate against someone for using or trying to use FMLA leave, opposing any practice made unlawful by the FMLA, or being involved in any proceeding under or related to the FMLA.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

BENEFITS &

PROTECTIONS

An employee who works for a covered employer must meet three criteria in order to be eligible for FMLA leave. The employee must:

- Have worked for the employer for at least 12 months;
- Have at least 1,250 hours of service in the 12 months before taking leave;* and
- . Work at a location where the employer has at least 50 employees within 75 miles of the employee's worksite.

*Special "hours of service" requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

REQUESTING LEAVE

Generally, employees must give 30-days' advance notice of the need for FMLA leave. If it is not possible to give 30-days' notice, an employee must notify the employer as soon as possible and, generally, follow the employer's usual procedures.

Employees do not have to share a medical diagnosis, but must provide enough information to the employer so it can determine if the leave qualifies for FMLA protection. Sufficient information could include informing an employer that the employee is or will be unable to perform his or her job functions, that a family member cannot perform daily activities, or that hospitalization or continuing medical treatment is necessary. Employees must inform the employer if the need for leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified.

Employers can require a certification or periodic recertification supporting the need for leave. If the employer determines that the certification is incomplete, it must provide a written notice indicating what additional information is required.

EMPLOYER RESPONSIBILITIES

Once an employer becomes aware that an employee's need for leave is for a reason that may qualify under the FMLA, the employer must notify the employee if he or she is eligible for FMLA leave and, if eligible, must also provide a notice of rights and responsibilities under the FMLA. If the employee is not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for ineligibility.

Employers must notify its employees if leave will be designated as FMLA leave, and if so, how much leave will be designated as FMLA leave.

ENFORCEMENT

Employees may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

The FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination or supersede any state or local law or collective bargaining agreement that provides greater family or medical leave rights.



For additional information or to file a complaint:

1-866-4-USWAGE

(1-866-487-9243) TTY: 1-877-889-5627

www.dol.gov/whd

U.S. Department of Labor | Wage and Hour Division







The Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA), enforced by the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH), contains family care and medical leave provisions for California employees.

These leave provisions are known as the California Family Rights Act (CFRA). All employers must provide information about CFRA to their employees and post this information in a conspicuous place where employees tend to gather. A poster that meets this requirement is available on DFEH's "Posters, Brochures and Fact Sheets" webpage (www.dfeh.ca.gov/posters/).

LEAVE REQUIREMENTS

- To be eligible for CFRA leave, an employee must have more than 12 months of service at an employer of five or more full- or part-time employees, and have worked at least 1,250 hours for that employer in the 12-month period before the leave begins.
- An eligible employee may take job-protected leave to bond with a new child by birth, adoption, or foster care placement, within one year of the child's birth, adoption, or foster placement.
- An eligible employee may take job-protected leave to care for a child, spouse, domestic partner, parent, grandparent, grandchild, or sibling with a serious health condition. CFRA leave may also be taken for the employee's own serious health condition.
- An eligible employee may take job-protected leave for a qualifying exigency related to the covered active duty or call to covered active duty of a spouse, domestic partner, child, or parent in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- Employees may take leave of up to 12 work

weeks in a 12-month period, proportional to an employee's normal work schedule. The leave does not need to be taken in one continuous period of time.

EMPLOYEE'S OBLIGATIONS

- An employer may require an employee to provide 30 days' advance notice of the need for CFRA leave. When this is not possible due to the unexpected nature of the qualifying event, notice should be given as soon as practicable. Notice can be written or verbal and should include the timing and the anticipated duration of the leave, but an employer may not require disclosure of an underlying diagnosis. An employer must respond to a leave request as soon as possible and no later than 5 business days.
- The employer may require written certification from the health-care provider of the individual with a serious health condition stating the reasons for the leave and the probable duration of the condition. However, the health-care provider may not disclose the underlying diagnosis without the consent of the patient.

SALARY AND BENEFITS DURING CFRA LEAVE

 Employers are not required to pay employees during a CFRA leave, but some employers do. In addition, an employee will be paid for any accrued paid time off they elect or are required to use. An employer may require an employee who is taking leave to care for a seriously ill family member or to bond with a new child to use accrued vacation time or other accumulated paid leave other than sick time, unless the employee is receiving Paid Family Leave (see below). If the CFRA leave is for the employee's own serious

FAMILY CARE AND MEDICAL LEAVE

FACT SHEET



health condition, an employer may require use of accrued vacation and sick time, unless the employee is receiving State Disability Insurance.

 If the employer provides health benefits under a group plan, the employer must continue to make these benefits available during the leave. Similarly, the employee is entitled to continue accruing seniority and participate in other benefit plans.

RETURN RIGHTS

- After CFRA leave, employees are guaranteed a return to the same or comparable position and can request the guarantee in writing.
- If the same position is no longer available, the employer must offer a position that is comparable in terms of pay, benefits, shift, schedule, geographic location, and working conditions, including privileges, perquisites, and status, unless the employer can prove that no comparable position exists.
- An employee is not entitled to reinstatement if the employee would have been otherwise laid off or terminated for reasons unrelated to their leave.

PREGNANCY DISABILITY LEAVE

 In addition to CFRA leave, employers of five or more employees must provide job-protected leave or accommodations to employees disabled by pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition. Pregnancy disability leave (PDL) is available while an employee is actually disabled, up to a total of four months. This includes time off needed for prenatal or postnatal care, severe morning sickness, doctor-ordered bed rest, childbirth, recovery from childbirth, loss or end of pregnancy, or any other related medical condition. For more information, visit: www.dfeh.ca.gov/familymedical-pregnancy-leave/. Employees are entitled to take PDL in addition to any leave entitlement under CFRA.

STATE DISABILITY INSURANCE (SDI) OR PAID FAMILY LEAVE (PFL)

- Employees who are eligible for SDI may receive partial wage replacement for a non-workrelated illness, injury, or pregnancy.
- PFL provides benefits to individuals who need to take time off work to care for a family member, to bond with a new child (by birth, adoption, or foster care placement), or for military exigencies. PFL cannot be taken at the same time as SDI.
- SDI and PFL are administered by the Employment Development Department (EDD), not DFEH. For more information, contact EDD at 800.480.3287 or visit: www.edd.ca.gov/Disability/Paid_Family_Leave.htm or www.edd.ca.gov/Disability/About_DI.htm.

If you have been subjected to discrimination, harassment, or retaliation at work, or have been improperly denied leave or reinstatement under CFRA or PDL, file a complaint with DFEH.

TO FILE A COMPLAINT

Department of Fair Employment and Housing

dfeh.ca.gov

Toll Free: 800.884.1684 TTY: 800.700.2320

If you have a disability that requires a reasonable accommodation, DFEH can assist you with your complaint. Contact us through any method above or, for individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing or have speech disabilities, through the California Relay Service (711).